TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 21 — VICTORIA B. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1895. — No. 28

The Girls
Bless their pretty faces—are fond of good perfumes, and Jay Jones keeps the choicest odors from the best makers.
The P.P.P.P. Always Open.
36 Government St.

Challoner & Mitchell

will make your old Jewelry look modern; re-set Precious Stones; or manufacture any article of Jewelry for moderate prices.

47 Government Street.
Opposite Bank of B. C.

February!

The Meaning of the Word.

We don't want our friends to think us pedantic; we certainly are not running a kindergarten, but the name of the month interests us.

We've just found out that it is derived from the latin word februo—to purify by sacrifice.

That applies so aptly to our stock and our intentions that we can't help mentioning it; and if the testimony of the throngs of people who were with us during the past two weeks can be relied on (and who dares question it?) we give for Cash THE GREATEST VALUES.

Just on the eve of opening up our New Spring Stock we now propose to CLEAN OUT THE ODDS AND ENDS, even if we do have to make a great sacrifice to do it.

DONT FAIL TO GET YOUR SHARE,

The remainder of our Fall and Winter Coats, Jackets and Wraps, including some Fur Lined Garments, will be sold so cheap that we confidently expect every one will be gone before the ides of March.

REMNANTS! We have quite a stack at your own price.

SPOOL COTTON, best 6-cord, 200 yds., assorted, any number, in black and white 30 cents per dozen.

See our price list of staples, such as White Cottons, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, Tablings, Crash, and Roller Towelling, Towels, Flannels, Blankets, etc., etc., in the Colonist.

Special attention is called to 75 pieces (first installment just to hand) of Flannelette, worth 20 cents, to be sold all round at 10 cents per yard. Thus:

"Examples might be heaped until they hide
The rules, which they were made to render plain."

Working on the broad principle of enlightened selfishness, we know that we serve ourselves best by serving the public most.

The Westside. **J. HUTCHESON & CO.**

February 1st, 1895.

FOR ONE MONTH . . .

Great reductions for cash in all lines of our Large and Complete Stock

A. GREGG & SON,
TAILORS, 62 Yates St.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

The Old Reliable Wellington Coal for Household Purposes.

Wellington and Comox nut coal at reasonable prices. Carload lots at special rates.

Rattray & Hall, Sole Agents, 106 GOVT. ST., TEL. NO. 83. 34 STORE ST., TEL. NO. 197.

C. H. STICKELS . . . . ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT. ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

Keewatin ....Flour.... IT IS STANDARD.

The Housewife who uses it once will have no other.

ASK FOR IT.

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company

. . . ARE SELLING LIVE POULTRY DRESSED TO ORDER . . .

Turkeys, live .....19c. per lb	Chickens from.....80c. to $1 per pair
Turkeys, dressed .....20c. per lb	Delivered free of charge to any part of the city.
Geese from.....$1.25 to $1.50 each	
Ducks .....$1.25 per pair	

22 1-2 Pandora St, Cor. Broad and Cormorant, Opposite City Market.

CAPTURE OF WEI HAI WEI

The Japanese Forces Now Command the Entrance to the Gulf of Pechili.

Gives the Mikado's Men Even a Better Opportunity to Reach the Capital.

London, Feb. 2.—A Shanghai dispatch gives details of the attack on Wei-Hai-Wei forts. It says the attack opened at eight o'clock on the morning of Jan. 30. Four forts fell into the hands of the Japanese in a short time after the fleet opened fire on them. The Japanese turned the guns of the fourth fort captured on the Chinese fleet and inland forts. The Chinese fleet confined its efforts to shelling the Japanese troops advancing on the forts by land. The Chinese warships subsequently shelled the fourth fort.

New York, Feb. 2.—Secretary Denby, of the United States legation at Shanghai, arrived on the steamer Paris from Southampton to-day. He was much interested in the news that Wei-Hai-Wei had been captured by the Japanese but made no comment. He said he had nothing of interest to impart regarding the Chinese-Japanese war.

The Central News correspondent in Tokio telegraphs the following dispatch from Marshal Oyama, received under to-day's date from Talien Wan:

"All the land forts at Weihaiwei have been taken. The enemy retreated beyond Fung Linchi. The Chinese warships were not captured, and are still firing at us. I am inquiring as to the losses on both sides and am examining the prisoners and spoils. The Japanese topedo boats have been sunk and an ironclad disabled. No foreigners has been hurt. Weihaiwei is quiet. The Chinese bolted when the actual assault was made. It is stated that their loss was two thousand men. Luilungtau, an island near the city, on which the workshops and some forts are, is still in the hands of the Chinese. All the Europeans in the city escaped unhurt."

The Daily News says that the commandant at Weihaiwei is Peter Neilson, a Norwegian Naval officer, thirty-one years old.

The Central News correspondent in Tokio forwards the following dispatch, received from the third Japanese army, dated Talien Wan, Feb. 1:

"On January 30th the second division captured an eminence at Fung Linchi and bivouacked there. Yesterday the division began an assault on Pachiyaso. The warships simultaneously bombarded the Pachiyaso forts. The sixth division began to advance at 2 o'clock in the morning, and at 9 o'clock had taken possession of most of the enemy's line of defences. Advancing behind Mount Ku they completely captured the Pachiyaso forts. By 12.30 o'clock the squadron signalled that they held possession of the eastern entrance. The Chinese fleet were inside Liukung island, and conjointly with the Wangtao fort were firing at our ships and troops. Our squadron is blocking both entrances and the fighting still continues. At 4 o'clock the second division had apparently occupied the important point of Wenchuanto."

The Times has the following from Hong Kong:

"General Fung is about to march from Kwang Tung with five thousand troops to assist Viceroy Chang in the defence of Nanking. General Fung fought against the French at Annam."

"Tired Nature's Sweet Restorer,

Balmy sleep" is often disturbed by fits of coughing. LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE insures a good night's rest.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,
Sole Agents, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—A Collie Pup. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 195 Cook street. 1t

GO TO SAMPSON'S BOOK EXCHANGE, 97 Douglas street, cor. Johnson, for something to read. Books bought, sold and exchanged. 1t

61 BROAD STREET for Thomas & Grant's celebrated $3.50 fine Tweed Pants to order. Suits from $15. 1t

FOR SALE—New six roomed cottage with bath, hot and cold water; situate Seventh street; price, $1,600; $50 down; balance of interest. Appy Morrow, Holland & Co. 1t

FOR SALE—A good country hotel business close to town; $1,000 will purchase the stock, furniture, horse and buggy, cows, pigs, poultry, etc. A. W. Morse & Co., 70 Douglas street.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. feb2-m s wk1y3m

WINN'S MASK BALL is the coming event for Tuesday night, February 5th. They have the best music; they have a nice lunch and they try to make it pleasant for everybody that comes. 46 Yates street, opposite Bank of B. N. A. Gent maskers, 50 cents; lady maskers, free. Spectators, gents, 50 cents; ladies, 25 cents. 1t

PUBLIC MEETING.

A Public Meeting will be held in the City Hall on Tuesday evening next, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of discussing DAY LABOR vs. CONTRACT SYSTEM. Aldermen are specially invited to be present.

WORKINGMEN RALLY!

W. T. HARDAKER,
AUCTIONEER.

Having leased the theatre and other premises adjoining my Auction Rooms, which gives me by far the largest and best appointed Auction Rooms in the city, I am prepared to handle Real Estate, Live Stock, Furniture and any saleable article to the best advantage. Liberal advances on consignments. Household goods, etc., bought outright for spot cash. Goods stored. All business strictly confidential.

77, 79, 81 Douglas St.

HAD TO KILL HIM.

A Nurse Kills Her Patient in Self-Defence.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 2.—A nurse named Bruss, employed to watch an insane patient named Pope, informed the police to-day that she had been compelled to kill Pope last night in self-defence while trying to prevent him from chloroforming his sleeping wife. The police believe it is deliberate murder, and the nurse has been arrested.

BROOKLYN STRIKE.

Strikers Cause Some Trouble Upon the Withdrawal of the Troops.

Brooklyn, Feb. 2.—The withdrawal of all the soldiers last night was succeeded by a series of petty assaults and attacks on cars. A few scalps were cut, one nose was broken and a large number of car windows were smashed. There is no truth of the report of a man's death in East New York last night. No wires were cut last night.

President Norton and Supt. Quinn of the Atlantic avenue trolley road, were held on bail for violating the ten hour law.

IN THE EASTERN PROVINCES

Montreal Has Some Scandal in Connection With Her Police Force.

Subscription Being Taken Up to Contest Hon. Mr. Harty's Election.

Montreal, Feb. 2.—Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who arrived in this city yesterday morning from Toronto, was kept busy receiving a constant stream of local Conservatives, among whom were noticed numerous leading manufacturers. After dining at the St. James' club this evening he left for Quebec. He returns to Ottawa on Sunday afternoon. He looked well ,but was somewhat troubled with the irritation of the throat which was so pronounced during his recent visit to Halifax.

The police investigation was given a new lease of life to-night by the unearthing of what promises to be a first-class civic scandal, in which Superintendent of Police Hughes is directly involved. Chairman Rainville a week ago threatened to close up the inquiry, but the committee, which is antagonistic to the work of investigation, was startled to-night by the energy displayed by Lawyer J. N. Greenshields, who looks after the interests of the citizens. The scandal, which gives promise of being startling, refers to the disposition of police fines and the administration of the police benevolent fund extending over many years. Sub-Chief Kehoe was the witness whose evidence disclosed irregularities in conection with the fund, which is looked after personally by Superintendent Hughes. He stated during the sitting of the committee that the policemen contributed voluntarily to the fund, but afterwards declared publicly that any man who refused would be dismissed.

Toronto, Feb. 2.—There is a third case of smallpox at Guelph, the patient being the three year old daughter of William Macdonlad, dry goods merchant. The little one had been isolated with the daughter of Principal James Mills, of the Ontario agricultural college, where the first case that of a student, was discovered.

Kingston, Feb. 2.—J. H. Metcalf and Major Drury, of A battery, are candidates for the wardenship of Kingston penitentiary, which is expected to become vacant by the superannuation of the present incumbent.

A subscription is to be taken up here to defray the cost of protesting Hon. Mr. Harty's election. Many Conservatives are opposed to such action, and the scheme may never be carried into effect.

Ingersoll, Feb. 2.—General Booth was given an enthusiastic reception here this afternoon. He was entertained by Mr. McKay, M. P. After delivering an address he left for Woodstock.

Belleville, Feb. 2.—The Reformers of East Hastings met to-day at Belcose and decided to support Mr. Ballan, the Patron candidate for the commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 2.—Moss, Q. C., and R. B. Osler, Q. C., have been retained by Watters to defend him when his case next comes up. All the newspapers here say that the harsh treatment of Watters shows something behind it.

Stonewall, Man., Feb. 1.—Fire started this morning in the Villa hotel at 8 o'clock. The proprietor and other inmates had only time to save themselves. Two dwellings and a lawyer's office in the same block were also burned. The estimated loss is about $8000; small insurance.

Toronto, Feb. 1—The Toronto Telegram gives an interview with Hon. Mr. McMillan, treasurer of Manitoba, this evening, in which he predicts the defeat of Minister Daly. He says Boyd will have difficulty in keeping his seat and Manitoba will go Liberal.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

Discussion in German Reichstag as to Wether Dueling Shall be Allowed.

The Steamer Vienna Supposed to Have Struck One of the Elbe's Boats.

London, Feb. 2.—The Duke of Portland has bought the Australian race horse Carbine for 13,000 guineas.

In the debate on the anti-revolution bill in the German reichstag yesterday a centrist member moved to amend the paragraph relating to the glorifying of crime so as to make it apply to duelling. Conservative speakers insisted that duelling was part of the existing code of honor, was good for society, and could not be abolished. Auer, social democrat, said it was the code of brawling, not the code of honor. Niberding said that the government originally had intended to have the paragraph apply to duelling, but had abandoned the idea because no gratification of such practice had yet occurred. The motion to amend was adopted by a vote of 14 to 13.

Le Memorial Deplomatique, of Paris, declares that the emperor of Germany and the king of Italy have arranged for an interview for the purpose of fixing the minimum number of troops each party to the triple alliance agreement is to furnish in the event of war.

A Berlin dispatch says one of the buildings of the Hoerde works at Dortmund collapsed to-day, killing thirty persons.

A passenger on the steamer Vienna from Harwich to Holland Hook stated that the Vienna felt a violent shock early on the morning of January 31st, and he assumes that she ran down one of the Elbe's boats.

The steamship Tauric arrived to-day. The captain reports that fire in the ship's hold was discovered on January 30. The fire was extinguished with some difficulty. The fire was caused by an electric wire. The body of the electrician was found in the hold. He had been suffocated while repairing the wires.

WHITE'S MILLIONS.

There Will Be a Contest Over the Will.

San Francisco, Feb. 2.—Samuel Rosner, who is sexton at the Temple Emanuel, and brother-in-law of the late millionaire, Levi White, of Portland, says that there will be a contest of the will. "Undue influence will be urged as the principal ground," he said, "and I think it will hold. My sister had an independent fortune when she married White, and it would seem just that we should not be neglected. I have reason to think that it was my sister's intention to have the money revert to me at her death. White's second wife was never popular with the children of Mr. White, and his second marriage caused the disinheritance, for that's about what it will amount to."

The insurance war is at an end. All but three companies to-day signed the constitution and articles of agreement of the newly organized board of fire underwriters of the Pacific coast. The agents of two of the companies are out of the city, but they are known to be friendly, which leaves only one out of the compact. Members of the organization have telegraphed their agents throughout the coast to stop rate cutting.

LEXOW'S COMMITTEE.

They Found That the Public Would not be Trifled With.

New York, Feb. 2.—The main topic of discussion among politicians last evening was the announcement yesterday of Senator Lexow that the majority of his committee had made up their minds to amend their bill so as to place the power of appointment of three commissioners to take charge of the reorganization of the New York city police department in the mayor's hands instead of the governor's. Public sentiment ascribes the committee and "agreement to amend" as due mainly to the discovery that the people of New York are in no temper to be trifled with and that Senator Lexow and his coadjutors were wise to get out of the way of the popular lightning

PACIFIC RAILWAYS.

Some Sarcastic Remarks About the late Senator Stanford.

Washington, Feb. 2.—In the house the Pacific railroad bill came up in committee of the whole. An effort was made to extend the time for the general debate until 2:30 o'clock so as to permit Messrs Maguire and Weadock to address the committee. Grosvenor, in a sarcastic speech, expressed wonder that the people of the Pacific coast could have repeatedly elected Stanford, who is now charged with being a thief, scoundrel, and, also, how the gentlemen on the floor of the house could have delivered eulogies upon the late senator. Maguire criticized the committee for delaying the report of the bill to settle the indebtedness of the Pacific railroads. The house refused to extend the time for the debate of the Reilly bill.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

TWO DIFFERENT STORIES.

Officers of the Crathie Do Not Agree With the Survivors of the Elbe.

Some Say That There Was a Fog and Others That There Was Not.

London, Feb. 2.—Three survivors of the Elbe sailed to-day from Liverpool for New York. Before leaving they requested that the bodies of relatives lost on the Elbe, if recovered, be buried in England. Miss Boecker, the woman suvivor, said to-day that when she tried to get into the boat near which she was thrown by a wave many hands pushed her off. She was finally dragged into the boat. She declares that no fog prevailed when the collision occurred.

The explanation given by the surviving officers as to the proportion of the crew saved to the number of passengers saved is that the following orders were given by the officers of the Elbe: The children were to be saved first, and the women and they were to be placed on the boats on the starboard side, where the women and children were told to gather. But almost immediately after these orders had been obeyed the Elbe listed heavily to the starboard and the seas sweut up to the promenade deck. The starboard boats were rendered useless. The boat which brought the survivors away from the Elbe was one of the port boats, and was the last to leave the vessel. Acting upon the orders of Captain Goessel, Third Officer Stollberg and the paymaster, who were in charge of the boat, took seats inside of her, and then, when the water was creeping over the deck, a rush was made for the boat, and anybody who could get into it did so. Trinity Pilot Greenham assisted the crew in firing rockets. It is understood Greenham has been heard to express the opinion that the steamer which collided with the Elbe was distinctly at fault, as she attempted to cross the bows of the Elbe.

The following statement of the disaster was officially given this afternoon to an Associated Press correspondent by the German vice-consul, Herr Bradber, after sifting all the interviews with the survivors and cross-examining the officers and crew, and may be classed as a consensus of the officers' opinions:

The collision occurred forty-five miles from the Merschilling lightship. Though both the Elbe and the colliding steamer were going full steam ahead the concussion was slight. Immediately after the collision the Elbe began to settle down, stern first, her bow mounting high into the air, and rendering it impossible to reach some of the boats, as everybody crowded upon the deck immediately after the shock in a state of great alarm. It was impossible that the orders of the captain, who was standing on the bridge, that the women and children should be saved first, could be obeyed. A rush was made for the boats that were accessible. The first boat to touch the water was immediately swamped, and the passengers who crowded into it were drowned. The second boat launched was lost sight of in the high sea which was running, but it is feared she capsized. Into the third boat, at the last moment, when the water was up to the promenade deck, and the vessel was sinking under their feet, and two minutes before she disappared, there crowded nineteen men, the women and children having rushed to the other side, owing, it is said, to the command that they should get into the boats there. The third boat pulled away from the ship, and in so doing shortly afterwards passed a lady passenger, Miss Anna Buercher, who clung to the gunwale or side of the lifeboat. Some time elapsed before she could be pulled into the boat. The twenty survivors drifted about until 11.10 a.m., heavy seas repeatedly washing over the small craft, which was in constant danger of being swamped, and drenching its occupants, who had not a morsel of food. Miss Buercher lay in the bottom of the boat, half drowned and semi-conscious. The lights of many vessels were seen all around, but not one approached. Though after daylight a steamer and two sailing vessels passed, but their crews did not notice the signals of our boat. Finally the waving of a shirt from the boat attracted the attention of the crew of the fishing smack Wild Flower, which rescued the survivors with great difficulty. After the collision the unknown steamer passed under the stern of the Elbe and proceeded on her course without paying any attention to the cries of the people on board the sinking steamer. The survivors claim that the unknown ship which rammed and sunk the Elbe should have stood by the Elbe, and if she had done so a great many lives would have been saved. This of course is a matter which cannot be decided until all the facts are brought to light by a court of inquiry. It seems neither of the two pilots was on the bridge of the Elbe at the time of the collision. The German pilot ceased duty when the Elbe cleared from the Weser, and the turn of the duty of the Trinity, or English pilot, Greenham, did not commence until the steamer entered the waters of the Isle of Wight. The surviving officers refuse to say who was in charge of the Elbe when the collision occurred, but it is supposed to have been Third Officer Stollberg, one of the survivors. Stollberg is understood to have asserted that the ship which sunk the Elbe was out of her course, and to have admitted that he saw a green light on the port bow of the Elbe shortly before the collision. Chief Engineer Neussel says the stem of the unknown ship struck the Elbe about 150 feet forward of the rudder, or just abaft the engine rooms. The engines were not damaged by the collision, but the water soon poured in, and although the steam pumps were put at work in about three minutes, it became useless, and the engine rooms were soon deserted for the upper deck.

Rotterdam, Feb. 1.—Interviews had here this afternoon with Captain Gordon, of the steamer Crathie, and with the second officer of the vessel, leave no doubt that she was the steamer which ran into and sank the Elbe. The wind was north by west half west. It was very dark and the sea and wind were strong. "I stood at the bottom of the cabin staircase," he said, "and was going on deck, when there was a heavy shock, a crash, and water began pouring on the deck. I ran on deck, and saw a large, strange ship across the bows of the Crathie. After the collision we returned to the spot where it occurred, or as near as we could make out, but were unable to see any signs of the steamer, which we thought had proceeded on her voyage. We followed after some time, but lost all sight of her. We waited for two hours and then proceeded to Maasluis. We reached there yesterday, and came here for repairs, which will take five weeks."

The second officer of the Crathie said: "There was no fog, but it was quite dark. It was my watch on deck, and I suddenly saw ahead of us three lights and made out a steamer painted a light color, with two smokestacks also painted a light color, coming towards us. It was impossible to avoid a collision, although ten or a dozen yards more would have cleared us. After we struck it was impossible for some time to disengage the two ships, and our gear had to be cut. We heard no cries, and there was no commotion on board the steamer, as far as we knew. Immediately after the collision the other vessel showed blue and red lights. We returned the same signal, understanding that it meant that neither of us needed any assistance. Our captain was below at the time I sighted the steamer. A stoker asleep had a right ear torn off by an iron plate which was driven through the side of the Crathie. The Crathie's bow was completely stoven and she was not fit to proceed in the high sea."

AGENT-GENERAL AT LONDON

Salary Provided for Mr. Vernon or Some One Else From January 1st 1895.

Further Supplementary Estimates Presented to the House Yesterday.

Further supplementary estimates for 1894-95—that is money already expended or to be expended before June 30, 1895—and the supplementary estimates of expenditure for 1895-96, were laid before the house yesterday. There is one item of two thousand dollars in the supplementary estimates for 1894-95 which the province, from all reports, is called upon to pay on account of the defeat by Mr. Graham of the Hon. Forbes George Vernon, late chief commissioner of lands and works. In the main estimates for 1895-96 there was a vote of four thousand dollars for the salary of the agent-general in London, Mr. H. C. Beeton, who has held the office without pay for many years, having resigned. It was naturally thought that the gentleman, undoubtedly Mr. Vernon, would not take office until July 1st, but the supplementary estimates show that his pay is to date from Jan. 1, 1895, so that he has already been in office for a month.

Other large items in the further supplementaries for 1894-95 are: Six thousand dollars for repairs and additions to the asylum at New Westminster; four thousand dollars in addition to the forty thousand dollars previously voted for the provincial home at Kamloops; ten thousand five hundred dollars in addition to the thirty-six thousand dollars previously voted for general district purposes in West Kootenay, being spent as follows: construction of wagon road, Three Forks to Cody Creek, seven thousand dollars; aid toward road from Idaho mine to Carpenter Creek, three thousand dollars; aid toward sleigh road from New Denver to Three Forks, five hundred dollars; and then there is five thousand dollars for that mysterious miscellaneous, not detailed. The smaller amounts are: four hundred and eighty dollars for a clerk in the government agent's office at New Westminster, from January 1st to June 30th, 1895; one thousand dollars additional for the printing office; two hundred and thirty-eight dollars and fifty cents for the preliminary survey for the Columbia river protection works; eight hundred dollars for a lockup at Kaslo; eight hundred and fifty dollars for a road around the bluffs on Thompson river opposite Duck's station; nine hundred dollars for the travelling expenses of the board of horticulture and five hundred and thirty-six dollars and ninety-one cents as extra allowance for the London office during the last six months of 1894.

The supplementary estimates of expenditure for 1895-96 are: Nine hundred dollars in addition to three thousand dollars for stenographers; nine hundred and sixty dollars for a clerk in the government agent's office at New Westminster; three hundred dollars in aid of a resident physician at Midway; four hundred dollars for a school at Shawnigan lake and five hundred dollars additional for the travelling expenses of the board of horticulture.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is of great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passage in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by Geo. Morrison, druggist.

Brown's three star * * * special Scotch Whisky is the best drink to adopt for the new year. Pure, wholesome and of exquisite flavor.

To Nursing Mothers!

A leading Ottawa Doctor writes: "During Lactation, when the strength of the mother is deficient, or the secretion of milk scanty,

WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT

gives most gratifying results." It also improves the quality of the milk.

It is largely prescribed
To Assist Digestion,
To Improve the Appetite,
To Act as a Food for Consumptives,
In Nervous Exhaustion, and as a Valuable Tonic.

PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

A Beautiful Gown.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

It is a frequent experience with ladies that when the dress is bought with care, and made with taste, some indefinable thing is lacking to give it the perfect touch of beauty. It is the supplying of this that has made

PRIESTLEY'S DRESS FABRICS

universally esteemed. Priestley's Black Dress Goods, made in Henriettas, Crape Cloths, etc., are such a cunning and effective blend of silk and wool that when the dress is made it drapes in perfect gracefulness, giving to the figure that charm without which the costliest dress that Worth ever made is a mere distress. 5

See that the goods you buy are stamped EVERY FIVE YARDS WITH PRIESTLEY'S NAME. No others are of their manufacture.

TYPHOID AND OYSTERS.

Englishmen Refuse To Use Contaminated Oysters.

New York, Feb. 2.—The Tribune says the typhoid fever scare has been the means of stopping entirely the shipment of American oysters to England. About three thousand barrels a week were exported from this country, worth to the American exporters $5 a barrel. The oyster planters of the Great South bay, whence the blue point, the chief oysters exported are, think this a great handicap, for they say the water over the oyster beds is not in the slightest degree contaminated by sewage from the cities. In this statement they are sustained by ex-Fish Commissioner Blackford, who knows as much about oysters as any one man in the state. "Oyster Inspector Mossreau," said Blackford yesterday, "has made a complete inspection of the beds that might be injured by sewage, and he reports that only one, Spothill creek, Staten island, was contaminated, and there measures were taken to stop the floating of oysters. This action of Englishmen will result in a larger proportion than ever of oysters being carried over in the beds to another season."

FRANK LEAKE
Oshawa, Ont.

Pains in the Joints

Caused by Inflammatory Swelling

A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"It affords me much pleasure to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. My son was afflicted with great pain in the joints, accompanied with swelling so bad that he could not get up stairs to bed without crawling on hands and knees. I was very anxious about him, and having read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I determined to try it, and got a half-dozen bottles, four of which entirely cured him." MRS. G. A. LAKE, Oshawa, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

For Sale or Rent.

"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to
tf LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

Served at the
Poodle Dog Restaurant
From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.
Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.
18 LOUIS MARBOEUF, Pro

PHIL R. SMITH,
Book Binder, Paper Ruler, & Manufacturing Stationer
32 LANGLEY STREET.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

Just Received

2 Cases More of those heavy double-width Serges
At 25c. a yard, the best materials in the market for Children's School Dresses, Ladies' House Wrappers, etc.

1 Case of Butcher's Linen
50 inches wide, 25c. a yard

1 Case Ladies' Cashmere Hose
25c. a pair.

20 doz. more Children's Handkerchiefs
25c. a dozen.

J. Horner & Co.

Bank of British Columbia.

Savings Bank Department.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.

Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 18th Nov., 1894.

GROCERIES.

Fairbank & Co's Cottolene,
Glasgow Beef-Ham,
Keiller's Dundee Jams & Marmalades
Glasgow Peas Meal,
Christie's (Toronto) Short Bread,
FOR SALE BY
R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 88 Fort St.

Xmas Fruit.

CURRANTS AND RAISINS

Just arrived and thoroughly cleaned in our fruit cleaning machine. We guarantee the prices right and quality best at

JOHN'S BROS.,
261 Douglas St., Cor. Kings Road.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
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Reproductions of Portraits, Buildings, Letters, Etc.
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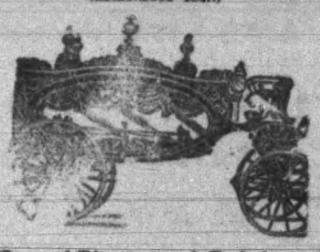
UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

FUEL.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. P. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,
EWEN MORRISON.
Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

PYTHIAN HOME SOCIAL SERIES.

Anniversary Social Dance,

Castle Hall, Duck Building, Broad Street.

Wednesday Evening, February 6th, 1895.

Tickets, $1.50, including supper.

VICTORIA THEATRE

MATINEE AND NIGHT

Saturday, Feb'y 2nd

The Autocratic Express of the farce comedy world

NELLIE McHENRY,

and her circo-Comedy

A NIGHT

—AT THE—

CIRCUS

SEE The Wild Man of Borneo.
SEE The Human Xylophone.
SEE The Honest Lawyer.
SEE The Comical Clowns.
SEE The Only Pete Jenkins.
SEE The Man Who Walks on His Ear.

ALL UNDER ONE CANVAS. IN ONE RING.

WAIT For the Big Show.

Prices, matinee 75c, 50c., and 25c; evening, $1.00, 75c., and 50c. Seats on sale at Jameson's.

A TALE TOLD THE EDITOR

MR. THOS. STRANG SPEAKS THAT SUFFERERS MAY READ AND LIVE.

Attacked With La Grippe, the After Effects Developing Heart Troubles—His Friends Thought Him Near Death's Door—After Many Failures He Has Once More Regained the Blessing of Perfect Health.

From the Comber Herald.

Strangefield is a post-office corner about six miles from Comber. It was named after the highly respected and well known family of Strangs. The neighborhood is a quiet one, being inhabited by a church-going, sober, industrious people. Among the people of that neighborhood none is better or more favorably known than Mr. Thos. Strang. Mr Strang is a man of middle age and a bachelor. A few days ago he related to the Herald the story of his recovery from an illness which he believes would have resulted fatally but for the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The origin of Mr. Strang's trouble was la grippe which developed into heart disease. He laid for months with every nerve in his frail body unstrung. He tried many medicines, but none seemed to materially benefit him. He would rally at times and endeavor to walk, but his system being reduced and weakened he would frequently fall prostrate to the ground, and his friends had to carry him into the house. This terrible state of things lasted for months and all the while he was getting weaker, and even the most hopeful of his friends feared the worst. Mr. Strang was strongly urged to try the world renowned Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and consented to do so. A neighbor was dispatched to the Comber drug store for a supply. It a few days after beginning their use he began to improve. In a couple of weeks he was able to walk around, and today Mr. Strang is rejoicing and telling the same old story that hundreds of others are telling in this fair Dominion—the story of renewed strength through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mr. Strang is now a sound man. Quite frequently he walks to Comber, a distance of six miles, to attend church. He informed the Herald that he was only too glad to give his experience so that suffering humanity may also reap the benefit and thus be released from the thraldom of disease and pain. To his benefactors—for such they are—Mr. Strang feels that he owes a debt of gratitude. With him the days when beads of agony stood on his brow have passed away, and his body has been regenerated anew by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

The after effect of la grippe and all troubles due to the poor blood or shattered nerves, speedily yield to a fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They cure when other medicines fail, and no one should suffer for an hour without giving this great remedy a trial. Sold by dealers or sent by mail postpaid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Refuse all imitations and substitutes.

HAWAIIAN REVOLUTION.

Queen Liliuokalani And the Ring Leaders Arrested.

London, Feb. 2—A Honolulu dispatch says all the leaders in the recent revoution have been arrested and are being court-martialed. Liliuokalani was arrested charged with complicity. Three leaders pleaded guilty. The government maintains rigid martial law.

Poor Digestion

Leads to nervousness, fretfulness, peevishness, chronic dyspepsia and great misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy. It tones the stomach, creates an appetite, and gives a relish to food. It makes pure blood and gives healthy action to all the organs of the body. Take Hood's for Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—South American Rheumatic Cure, for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Morrison, druggist.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

Yesterday Afternoon Spent in Discussing the Land Act of the Province.

Government Have Only One More Bill to Bring Down During the Session.

FORTY-FIFTH DAY.

Friday, Feb. 1.

The Speaker took the chair at two o'clock. Prayers by Rev. P. McF. Macleod.

Mr. Hunter presented a petition from 240 miners of Comox against the coal mines regulation bill. Read and received.

The house went into committee on the land act amendment bill. Numerous amendments were introduced, all of which were discussed at some length and all of which were lost. The bill was reported complete.

Hon. Mr. Turner presented a message from the Lieutenant-Governor enclosing the supplementary estimates.

Mr. Semlin continuing the debate on the mineral bill held that to pay $100 to the government was not equivalent to doing $100 of development work on a claim. He was afraid the proposed changes would retard development.

Hon. Mr. Davie thought the amendment was a good one.

The bill was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Turner introduced a bill to amend the horticultural board act of 1894.

Hon. Mr. Turner moved the second reading of the assessment act amendment bill, which he had previously explained.

Mr. Williams thought all hopes that the government would do away with the mortgage tax must be abandoned if the bill before the house was passed. The attorney-general was very inconsistent. He expressed great anxiety that capital invested in large works in the cities should be protected but he, Mr. Williams, thought the abandonment of the mortgage tax would do more to protect it than would the provisions of the attorney-general intended to insert in the Vancouver City act.

Hon. Mr. Davie said the objections raised by Mr. Williams would apply to any tax imposed by the government. If the government took off the mortgage tax they would have to put it on in some other way. It was hoped that before next session a fair equivalent would be found for the mortgage tax, and in fact that there could be a complete revision of taxation, making it more equitable. He held that it was not the capitalist but the mortgagor who paid he tax. The bill aimed at making the mortgagee pay the tax. It provides that the mortgagor may pay the tax and deduct it from the interest and principal.

Discussing the question of night sessions and the time when the session would close, Hon. Mr. Davie said he thought they could get through next week. The only legislation the government had to bring down was a bill in regard to the lands in the railway belt. Of course there was the old sore, the municipal bill.

The question as to the adjournment of the debate on the assessment bill, which carried with it the question of night sessions, was put to a vote, it being a tie. The Speaker voted for the adjournment of the debate which meant no night session.

The placer mining bill was read a second time without discussion.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the Quesnelle lake dam bill, which defines and limits an act passed in 1881 giving two men a perpetual right to certain land. By the bill the men would have to complete certain work within a certain time or give up the land.

Motion agreed to.

Mr. Helmcken asked the minister of agriculture: Is it the intention of the government to introduce during the coming session an act dealing with the question of tuberculosis in animals and providing for the means of its extinction

Hon. Mr. Turner—The government contemplate introducing an act to amend the present act on the subject.

Mr. Helmcken asked the attorney-general: What security, if any, has been given or deposited with the government by the "London and Canadian Insurance Company," as required by section 53, chapter 16, of statutes of 1890?

Hon. Mr. Davie—The company deposited $20,000, which was accepted, subject to enquiries to be made.

The Victoria Hydraulic Mining company's bill was finally passed.

The house adjourned at 5.50.

NEWFOUNDLAND GOVERNMENT

Sir William Whiteway Called Upon to Form a Cabinet.

St. Johns, Nfld., Feb. 1.—Newfoundland's provisional cabinet, headed by D. J. Greene, after being in office but little more than a month, resigned to-day. The resigning ministers advised Governor O'Brien to ask ex-Premier Whiteway to form a cabinet. Sir William Whiteway this afternoon consented to resume the premiership and will undertake to have his cabinet ready to-morrow. It is understood that he will re-install in office as many as possible of those who, like himself, suffered political penalties at the hands of the courts. A majority of the Whitewayite caucus oppose Newfoundland entering the Canadian confederation, and a royal commission is likely to be accepted.

London, Feb. 1.—The Daily News will say to-morrow in a leader on Newfoundland affairs:

"Sir William Whiteway was notoriously a victim of the violence of party feeling. His faults were chargeable to bad political customs rather than to any individual dishonesty. His return to power is a signal proof of the general sense of his ability and exceptional knowledge of public affairs."

THE GREATEST MODERN PHYSICIAN.

To Whom Thousands of Men and Women and Children Everywhere Owe Their Lives and Happiness To-Day.

His Reputation Has Made Dartmouth College Famous in Every Town and Village in the Country---Prof Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., Who First Gave to His Profession Paine's Celery Compound, the Wonderful Remedy That Makes People Well.

PROF. EDWARD E. PHELPS, M.D., LL.D.

With the exception of a few eminent statesmen and world-renowned scientists, the people of Canada and the United States owe more to Dartmouth's physician-teacher than to any other man.

In every walk of life—among the highest official dignitaries, in the homes of the richest people of large cities, among the everyday folk of the country; families in good circumstances and "families that live from hand to mouth," and could not if they wished, afford the services of any but the ordinary physician—there are thousands to whom Paine's Celery Compound has brought the great blessing of health.

The story of the life work of this giant among men has been often told and is familiar to most readers. The likeness above is probably the best portrait of him yet printed.

It was the world-famous discovery of Professor Phelps of an infallible cure for those fearful ills that result from an impaired nervous system and impure blood which has endeared the great doctor to the world, and made his life an era in the practice of medicine.

Professor Phelps graduated with highest honors in medicine at Yale University, and his unusual talent soon brought him reputation and prominence among his professional brethren. First he was elected to the professorship of anatomy and surgery in the Vermont university. Next he was appointed lecturer on the materia medica and medical botany in Dartmouth college. The next year he was chosen professor of the chair then vacated by Prof. Roby, and occupied the chair, the most important one in the country, at the time when he first formulated this most remarkable prescription.

In view of the overwhelming testimony of the value of Paine's Celery Compound that has recently appeared from men of national reputation, the picture of Professor Phelps is particularly interesting.

Statesmen, members of parliament and congress from time to time have spoken of the wonderful curing virtues of Paine's Celery Compound.

Amongst the prominent people who have publicly testified in favor of earth's best medicine are:

Ex-American Minister to Austria, J. M. Francis.

New York's state treasurer, Hon. Addison B. Colvin.

Hon. David P. Toomey, publisher of Donohoe's Magaine.

Hon. James McShane, ex-Mayor of Montreal.

Miss Mabel Jenness.

General John A. Halderman, ex-American minister to Siam.

Marie Tempest, the talented and popular actress.

Rev. J. G. Laird, London, Ont.

Rev. Dr. Wilson, St. John, N. B.

Rev. A Ouellet, Shediac, N B., and a host more of well known men and women are among the thousands of grateful people who have recently sent to the proprietors of this wonderful remedy their expressions of its unequalled value—men and women who can well afford, and do command the highest medical advice in the country.

And then also from the "plain people" there come thousands of honest, straightforward, heartfelt letters, telling how Paine's Celery Compound has made them well.

Their testimony simply goes to show what a noted writer has so aptly said, that Paine's Celery Compound is not a patent medicine; it is not a sarsaparilla; it is not a mere tonic; it is not an ordinary nervine—it is as far beyond them all as the diamond is superior to cheap glass.

It makes people well. It is the one true specific recognized and prescribed to-day by eminent practitioners for diseases arising from a debilitated nervous system. Prof. Phelps gave to his profession a positive cure for sleeplessness, wasting strength, dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous diseases and kidney troubles. For all such complaints Paine's Celery Compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.

It is as harmless as it is good, and it was the universal advice of the medical profession that the compound be placed where he general public could secure it, and thousands of people have every year proven the wisdom of this good advice.

Only a truly great and effective remedy could continue, as Paine's Celery Compound has done, to hold its high place in the estimation of the ablest physicians and of the thousands of busy men and women whose only means of judging is from the actual results in their own homes or among their friends. No remedy was ever so highly recommended, because none ever accomplished so much.

To-day Paine's Celery Compound stands without an equal for feeding exhausted nerves and building up the strength of the body. It cures radically and permanently. The nervous prostration and general debility from which thousands of women suffer so long that it finally gets to be a second nature to them—all this suffering and despondency can be very soon removed by properly feeding the nerves and replacing the unhealthy blood by a fresher, more highly vitalized fluid. A healthy increase in appetite and a corresponding gain in weight and good spirits follow the use of Paine's Celery Compound.

Paine's Celery Compound is the most remarkable medical achievement of this half of the nineteenth century.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5935, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 4, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. K. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

Coltart & Eteson BROKERS Notaries Public, Shipping and Insurance Agents. Loans Negotiated. 72 GOVERNMENT STREET.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO., AUCTIONEERS, House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale. Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

JEWELERS, ETC.

NOTICE. On account of important business calling me away, parties having Watch Jobs left with me will please call for them.

W. J. STODDART, New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street. Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Spring, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years. Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted. F. W. NOLTE & CO., The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street. VICTORIA, B. C.

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE, BEACON HILL PARK. (LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.) The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits. First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses. Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A. fel3 s,m,t&w 1y]

REOPENING MONDAY, JANUARY 7th.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Victoria El. Ry. & Ltg. Co., Ltd.

The annual general meeting of the above company will be held at Power House, Store street, Monday, February 11th at 8 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of receiving director's and auditor's reports and balance sheet for the past year; and for the election of directors for ensuing year, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting. T. J. JONES, Secretary. Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26, 1895. 126-td

MISCELLANEOUS

OKELL & MORRIS are selling 2-lb glass jars of Pure Strawberry Jam for 35c. See your grocer.

ASK YOUR GROCER for 2-lb glass jar of Pure Raspberry Jam put up by Okell & Morris. Only 35c.

CHEAPEST AND BEST JAM in the city is Okell & Morris' 2-lb glass jar for 35c.

MASTERS OF SEALING SCHOONERS—Good cook open to engagement. Apply "E," 5 Green street, city.

OKELL & MORRIS' Jam once tasted will be always eaten.

OKELL & MORRIS hold ten diplomas and two gold medals for purity and excellence of jams.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE BREAD delivered fresh daily, by Domestic Bakery, 59 Broad street. d31-3m

DISSOLUTION—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, farmers of North Saanich, has this day been dissolved. The liabilities of the late firm have been assumed by Robert David McClure, who is also authorized to receive all moneys owing to the firm. Dated this 1st day of February, 1895. R. D. McClure. D. M. Robertson. f1-2t

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—At the Dog Show, purse containing $20. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same with S. Matson, supt. 130-tf

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 26 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10.00

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 8 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

FARMING IN BRITAIN.

The agricultural industry in Great Britain under the free trade system is suffering from severe depression; therefore free trade is a bad system. This is protectionist logic. In Canada and the United States the farming industry is suffering from worse depression than in England; these two countries enjoy protection; therefore protection is a worse system than free trade. This is the protectionist's logic applied to his own case. There are thousands of farmers and their families in Nebraska and Kansas who are actually starving and have no shelter. There are many farmers in the Canadian Northwest—and no small number even in Ontario and Quebec—who hardly know where the necessaries of life are to be procured for their wives and children. What has protection done for these people? How far removed from a fool is the man who would tell these sufferers that protection has made their lot a happy one?

Some people who talk about free trade in Great Britain forget or ignore the fact that Britain was once upon a time blessed with the protective system. In 1815 the corn law was passed, which placed a heavy duty on foreign wheat so long as the price was under 80 shillings a quarter; when the price reached that figure foreign wheat might be imported free. This surely ought to have created an ideal state of affairs for the farmer, from the protectionist's point of view. The actual results are thus described by Earl Fitzwilliam, a prominent landowner:

Great difficulties had been felt by the agricultural interest in 1814, 1815 and 1816, but the difficulties of all former years were surpassed by the distress of the winter of 1821-22. The insolvency of tenants at this period was unparalelled in the history of the agricultural classes; and the inefficiency of the act of 1815 was so universally acknowledged that an alteration in the law was made in the session of 1822; but the alteration being contingent on circumstances which never occurred, no permanent or practical change took place until the year 1828. During the whole period, therefore, from 1815 to 1828, the prohibitory duty of 1815 was in virtual operation. Year after year the farmer was deluded by fallacious hopes, excited by the law itself. His rent was paid out of his capital and not out of his profits, till the capital became insufficient for the proper cultivation of the land.

The Mark Lane Express has nothing stronger than this to say of the present state of agriculture. But here are a number of proved statements which throw further light on the protectionist period in England:

In 1817, at Langdon, Dorsetshire, 400 out of 575 inhabitants were receiving relief; while in Ely three-fourths of the population were in the same plight.

In 1819, 1820 and 1822 agriculture was in a state of universal distress, and petitions for relief were presented to parliament.

During the time these laws were in force there were no fewer than five parliamentary committees to inquire into the cause of the distress.

Farmers were ruined by thousands.

One newspaper in Norwich advertised 120 sales of stock in one day.

In 1829 the workhouses in some parts of the country were so crowded that at times four, five or six people had to sleep in one bed.

Sheffield had 20,000 and Leeds had 30,000 people depending on the rates.

Whole families were reduced to live on bran.

In Huddersfield 13,000 people were reduced to semi-starvation.

In 1839-42, in Stockport, one half of the factories were closed; 3,000 dwellings unoccupied; artisans were breaking stones on the road; the poor rate was 10 shillings in the pound; and outside scraps of bacon were bought in pennyworths by respectable people to moisten their potatoes.

At Leeds the pauper stone heap amounted to 150,000 tons.

In Dorsetshire a man and his wife had for wages 2s 6d a week and their house; and the ablest laborers had but 6s or 7s.

In 1839, in Devonshire, the whole of a poor man's wages would scarcely produce dry bread for a family of four or five children.

As to meat in those times it was scarcely ever touched.

In 1840 Lord John Russell told the house of commons that the people were in a wrose condition than the negroes in the West Indies.

In 1842, in Bolton, there were 6905 applicants for relief to the poor protection society, whose weekly earnings averaged only 13d per head; 5305 persons were visited, and they had only 765 blankets amongst them, or about one blanket to every eleven persons.

In one district in Manchester there were 2000 families without a bed.

In Glasgow 12,000 people were on the relief funds.

In Accrington, out of a population of 9000, only 100 were fully employed.

While farmers were being "ruined by thousands" the industrial population was practicaly starving, and therefore ready to break out into "bread riots" when it got the word. One farmer who was examined by a parliamentary committee in 1821 gave the following evidence:

"Are there many persons leaving their farms in consequence of distress in your neighborhood? and what is the extent of the distress?": "I believe it is only the hope of some relief being granted that at this time prevents hundreds from leaving their farms. A farmer of forty years' standing has lately been distressed for rent; another is now upon the parish who, but a little while ago, was worth £2000, and hundreds with large families are on the very brink of ruin, and are obliged to mortgage the next crop of corn before they can gather in the same. The laborers are unemployed, the tradesmen are applying to the parish for relief, the shopkeepers and manufacturers in large towns are without customers, except on credit."

This is only a specimen of the evidence given by hundreds of farmer witnesses. It is not surprising that in England they put down as a "crank" of the worst kind a man who ventures to suggest a revival of the corn law.

BY THEIR FRUIT," ETC.

To the Editor: Being present at the meeting of the Fruit Growers' Association the other day, I heard one or two very funny things, vindictive, shallow and selfish. Although I have been an active member, I am afraid I cannot follow the gang. To me it is duty; to others I could name it is gain, $5 a day. A part of the proceedings that pained me very much, as I am a Canadian, was a paper read by a young man insulting every eastern manufacturer of preserves as being dishonest. This young man admitted in his paper that he did not even know the varieties of fruits in this country. I think in that he is telling the truth, as I shipped some apples to the factory that he works at, and although the variety is well known in this country and the old country they could not classify them.

The association will be censured for allowing any one to read a paper so palpably full of error and upon a question about which seemingly he knew so little about. As for the remainder of his paper, I have read something like it in some journal. Although this organization gets $1000 a year from the provincial government many fruit growers are not satisfied. I am disgusted with some of the "$5 a day men," especially when I see personal motives in all their actions. FRUIT GROWER.

POULTRY PRIZES.

To the Editor:—In the prize list published yesterday at the Poultry and Dog show in the brown Leghorn class Mr. Graham got credit for 1st prize for cock and second for hen. Mr. Graham had no brown Leghorns in the show, and I got credit for only two prizes when I deserved it for four: for S. C. B. Leghorn cock, 1st; for S. C. B. Leghorn pullets, 1st and 2nd, and tie for first on hen. I received no credit whatever. The only way I can account for such a mistake is the poor management of the show, especially in the poultry department. JOHN GARDNER.

BANK STATEMENT.

Changes in the Associated Banks During the Past Week.

New York, Feb. 2.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes. Reserve decreased $9,128,950; loans increased $186,800, specie increased $13,900, legal tender decreased $12,645,800, deposits decreased $12,547,400, circulation increased $15,000. The banks now hold $36,751,500 in excess of the 25 per cent. rule.

Fighting at Panama.

Panama, Feb. 2.—The government forces have defeated the revolutionists in the state of Tolima, capturing three hundred prisoners.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Proposition to Build a Tramway Between Nanaimo and Wellington.

Nanaimo, Feb. 2.—The Nanaimo Electric tramway company have submitted a proposition to the council to construct a line between this city and Wellington, providing the council will guarantee the interest on $50,000 bonds at 5 per cent. for a period of ten years. The matter has been laid over.

It is now certain that the matter of the intestate estates with which Mr. Planta was connected will be straightened out. He will work in conjunction with Marshall Bray until the work is completed. It is not likely that the charge of embezzlement will be proceeded with, as it is stated that the Blakeway estate is in good order.

The inquest touching the recent death of B. Bologni was proceeded with to-day, James Fitzsimmons, the manufacturer of the powder, being the chief witness.

John Marco was admitted to the Nanaimo hospital yesterday, suffering from a broken arm and leg and a fractured skull. The accident was caused by the premature hoisting of a cage at the Wellington mines, which caused the overturn of a loaded box, the contents falling on Marco.

A Liberal rally will shortly be held in this city, when it is expected Mr. Wm. Marchant will be invited to address the meeting on the political issues of the day. It is probable that a convention of the Liberals of the Vancouver district will follow and a candidate selected to contest the constituency in the Liberal interest.

MME. EMMA EAMES.

The Great Soprano.

Very beautiful are the features of Mdme. Emma Eames, the great singer, whose art has delighted many thousands. Her presence is gracious, her intellectuality unquestioned and her voice a perfect delight. Praise from one so celebrated, then, has a high value, and this is what Mdme. Emma Eames says of "Vin Mariani," the famous tonic wine:—"Vin Mariani" is a most delightful and efficacious tonic, of inestimable value." All public characters, doing a great deal of brain work, feel the beneficial effects of this tonic-stimulant, which is a great nourisher of the brain, imparting at the same time to the body, debilitated or depressed, new vigor, so that it has been well called by Zola, the elixir of life. "Vin Mariani" is more tonic than iron or quinine, and does not produce constipation. Send your address to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian Agents, and you will receive an album, containing the portraits of a large number of celebrities, who have spoken enthusiastically of this notable stimulant, prepared from pure grapes and coca leaves.

CLEWS' FINANCIAL RECORD.

Report of Business in the States During the Week Ending January 26th.

New York, Jan. 26.—Business on Wall street remains dull. In the investment department the transactions fall considerably below what is usual at this season, though prices for first-class mortgages, yielding about four per cent, are quite steady. Speculative transactions are almost entirely confined to "room" operators, and all efforts to stimulate buying are spasmodic and fall flat. At the moment, the "bears" seem to have the upper hand, perhaps mainly because holders choose to give them rope in order to entangle them in a squeeze. The strong feature of the market lies in the fact that there are so few weak holders, and that the owners of stock regard securities intrinsically cheap at current quotations and therefore will not sell except at an advance upon present prices.

The market is in a mood to seek an occasion for postponement of operations and it finds one ready to hand in the treasury situation, the currency question, and the tardiness of Congress in doing something towards settling these issues. It is generally conceded that in the way of legislation on the currency question nothing is likely to be done at present nor indeed can properly be done within the brief time remaining for the present Congress. The feeling in favor of an appointment of a national commission on the question is quite general, and the recommendation to that effect by the Chamber of Commerce is likely to strengthen that sentiment. With respect to providing authority for borrowing to strengthen the treasury, the feeling is one of growing impatience, expressed in strong denunciation of the neglect of Congress. This postponement is the more inexcusable because the evitable necessity for the thing being done leaves so little room for delay arising from differences of opinion. The uneasiness on this account is increased by the suspicion that the inaction of Congress is due to fears that action in this matter may bring up again the eternal silver question, with all its disturbing influences. The question of the kind of money in which the treasury bonds shall be made payable applies the match to a great deal of explosive Congressional material, and the Washington leaders hesitate as to what is the best way of getting around the difficulty, the more so as the silverites are evidently awaiting the occasion for wresting from the sound men some sort of concession to silver. As usual, Senator Sherman steps to the front as a ready compromiser, and, instead of strengthening public confidence by proposing that bills shall be payable in gold, introduces a bill providing for an issue of 3 per cents payable "in coin," which means silver as well as gold. The Senator insists that as the word coin has always been used in government bonds, it should continue to be. In taking this stand he seems to lose sight of the fact that when the word was originally inserted in the bond, silver (which is as much coin as gold) was at a premium over gold, and when the present bond act was passed—which is now the only authority for the issue of bonds—silver money was not in circulation in this country. Senator Sherman must know that since that time, silver has depreciated from a premium over gold to less than 60 cents on the dollar, hence the word coin has not the ring that it once had. Senator Sherman would make a good "heathen Chinese" if in China, because in that country they still continue to use the old-fashioned war weapons which they commenced with, and do not even now deem it necessary to change them to meet the conditions called for by modern warfare. It is for that reason the little Japs have driven them to the wall. The United States treasury, I fear, will be equally as badly crippled as the Chinese are at present time, if Senator Sherman and Congress do not infuse the word gold into our bonds, which modernized conditions call for with first-class nations. The nation that keeps abreast of the times, whether in its money or weapons, will conquer in the end. Feudalism has passed forever. The enlightenment of this generation is not likely to give way to another dark age. If Senator Sherman will allow his mind to wander back over the past forty years, he will realize that the progress in everything connected with the human race has been greater than for all previous time, which call for revolutionary changes in methods. This country, therefore, must recognize gold as does England, France, Germany, Austria and Russia, as the monetary standard, and should put the word gold in future bond contracts by legislative enactment. This country will then be on a secure basis for the people of all other nations to deal with us.

There is very clear evidence of progress in public comprehension of the nature of our financial difficulties. It is seen that the bank currency question is only indirectly connected with the treasury question; and that the treasury question has two distinct branches, one relating to deficiencies of revenue, and the other to the retention of gold in the treasury, each of which requires methods of adjustment. The gold reserve is the most acute disease and will perhaps prove the latest to yield to treatment. It cannot be remedied until the banks feel at liberty to resume their former methods of paying out gold, and there are reasons to hope that some means will be ultimately devised by which the obstacles at this point can be overcome. Light is dawning; and the way out of our embarrassments is becoming daily more visible.

WALTER BAKER & CO. The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

USE MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures: Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Hindes' hair curlers at Fox's. *

—For prices plate glass see Mellor. *

—The arson case of William Stichnoch will be taken up in the city police court again on Monday.

—Dr. Findley, late of Findley & Baker has removed to 61 Government street, over Baker's shoe store. *

—The Iolanthe club gave a well attended and very successful dance at A. O. U. W. hall last night.

—The C. P. N. Company's steamer Danube is still on the marine slip at Esquimalt and will be launched shortly.

—The annual general meeting of the James Bay Athletic association will be held on Thursday evening. Officers will be elected and other business will be transacted.

—The case of Daniel Connors, charged with having stolen property in his possession, was not decided yesterday, but was postponed until Monday. It is likely that some additional evidence will be taken.

—Keep out of trouble by using W. J. Pendray's tree spray and whale oil soap. A timely application of the spray will free your fruit trees from all the pests that are ruining them. 25 Humboldt street, Victoria. *

—City Librarian James McGregor reports that during January 1855 books were loaned to the public. Of these 1043 were given out to gentlemen and 812 to ladies. The highest issue in any one day was 143, the average being 90 volumes.

—A number of members of the Congregational church are considering the question of establishing a branch of that body in this city, and would be pleased to hear from any one in sympathy with the object. Letters may be addressed to Wm. Scowcroft, Lansdowne road, Victoria. *

—Rev. W. D. Barber will leave Liverpool for Victoria on Thursday next, and will on his return resume the pastorate of St. Saviour's church. Rev. Canon Paddon, who has been filling the place, will take charge of St. James' church temporarily. His Lordship Bishop Perrin and Miss Perrin will leave on the 14th for England on a holiday trip.

—The greatest facilities in the province offered at Monroe Miller's Bindery for Ruling, Blank Books, Pass Books, Receipt Books, etc. As they have not quite eighty per cent. of the whole private work of the province they have any amount of time on their hands to attend to the wants of their customers. *

—The programme for the popular concert at the Y. M. C. A. to-night is as follows; Stereopticon views by Postmaster Noah Shakespeare; subjects, Bob the Fireman, Cash Three, Joseph in Egypt; humorous dialogue, How to Make Lodgings Pay Double," Miss Stoddart and Messrs. Stoddart and Jackman; Scotch song, Mr. Patterson; piano solo, Miss Haughton; selection by Professor Francis' orchestra.

—There was quite a row in a Chinese family living on Fisguard street near Store street, about one o'clock this morning, and a woman was badly cut on the forehead and near one of her eyes. Dr. George Duncan, medical health officer, was sent for to dress her wounds. He found on arrival that a lot of Chinese nostrums had been applied and the wounds badly irritated. He washed them off as best he could, and temporarily dressed the cuts. The police were not applied to and it is stated that the differences have been adjusted out of court. The cuts were supposed to have been inflicted by a stout club.

—Dr. John Lang delivered a very interesting lecture on "Thomas Chalmers, D. D.," before the members of the Sir William Wallace Society last evening. Speaking of his life the lecturer said: "On Scotland's long list of great and good men there is no greater name than that of Dr. Thomas Chalmers, nor, indeed, a greater man in his line in this century." The doctor traced the life of the great divine from his youth, through college, mentioning his ability as a mathematician, and then his entry into the church. He also described his work from the pulpit at Kilmany to the chair of theology at Edinburgh university, and finally the part which he took in the formation of the Free church. At the conclusion of the lecture Rev. Dr. Campbell proposed a vote of thanks, and his motion was heartily endorsed by Rev. Mr. Murison. Later on Mr. William Anderson supplied pipe music for dancing, and songs were sung by R. Paterson, R. H. Jameson, Chief Russell and others.

The Y. M. C. A. football team held a practice at Beacon Hill this afternoon.

—Lace curtains, muslin curtains, chenille curtains in abundance at Weiler Bros. *

—The C. P. R. steamship Empress of China sailed from Yokohama yesterday for Vancouver and Victoria.

—The shippers' association of Seattle are endeavoring to induce the Great Northern to put on a line of steamers between that city and the Orient.

—At the regular meeting of Far West lodge, K. of P., held last night, Samuel Sea resigned his position of master of finance and Phil Hall was appointed to succeed him.

—There are a couple of summonses for infractions of the health by-law out against two well known citizens. They will very likely be served in time for a hearing on Monday.

—The legislative library has received a large consignment of official publications from New South Wales. It includes the statutes of the colony and a large number of reports, some of which are quite interesting.

—Vancouver Encampment No. 1 will meet in I. O. O. F. hall, Douglas street, on Tuesday next at 7:30 p.m., when the first and third degree will be given. All those who have been elected will please make it a point to be present.

—The usual Saturday evening free entertainment will be given in Temperance hall, Pandora street, to-night. A farce entitled "Arabella's Poor Relations" will be presented and Rev. W. L. Clay of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, will deliver a short address.

—The collier J. C. Potter has been obliged to leave for Departure Bay to load coal. She could not wait any longer to be hauled out on account of the Danube repairs taking longer than was expected. The bark Detroit will go on when the Danube comes off.

—The head pupils for January of the South Park public school are: 1st division, Louis Yorke; 2nd division, Winnifred Cullin; 3rd division, Gertrude Tobin; 4th division, Herbert Pendray; 5th division, Samuel McConnell; 6th division, Agnes A. Lorimer; 7th division, Ross A. Fenn; 8th division, Janet Peden; 9th division, Edwin Noble.

—It has been decided not to have the dance that was suggested to be given in the Assembly rooms on Tuesday next, so this morning the decorations were taken down. The dance will very likely come off just before or after Lent, when in all probability the same ladies who conducted the P. O. Home ball so well will again give some assistance.

—W. T. Hardaker, the enterprising auctioneer of Douglas street, seems to have confidence in the future of this city of ours, at the same time studying the interests of his many clients by adding to his present auction rooms the theatre adjoining, which places him in a position to handle large stocks of merchandise, furniture, etc., with ease and convenience having without a doubt by far the largest and best auction rooms in the city. *

—A Port Townsend dispatch says: "The reports from the sealing grounds indicate a larger number of seals this year than usual. The schooners Columbia and James G. Swan, owned by the Makah Indians, have returned to Neah Bay with 120 and 93 skins respectively. The crews say that seals are more plentiful this year than usual. They predict big catches. Other vessels outside report making big catches."

—It is quite as possible to obtain a good cheap stained glass window as it is a good expensive one. The art of harmonizing the colors can be as readily achieved in the one as in the other. McCausland & Son, 68 King street west Toronto, can be relied on to give satisfaction in household art stained glass and ecclesiastical windows of every description. They have a staff of skilled designers and artisans constantly employed at such work, and fill any size order promptly.

—Directly the complimentary concert to Mr. W. E. Buck was made known, offers of assistance were received in such profusion, that an exceptionally strong programme has been arranged for Tuesday, February 12th, in Institute hall. Among other attractions Miss Laura Agnew will sing the "Shadow Song" from "Dinorha" in costume and with lime light effects by Mr. Pery. Mrs. W. M. Chapman will dance the Spanish cachuca in costume. England, Ireland, Scotland, France, America and China will be represented in costume with even more effect than at the recent "Meeting of Nations" concert, added to which the second act of the drama "Forgiven" will be presented by Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Chapman and a strong cast. The first part of the programme will contain selections by Miss Agnes Dawson, Mr. Buck and other well known singers.

—By a front, flank and rear movement Chief Sheppard, supported by Sergeant Hawton and Constables Perdue, Macdonald and Cameron, conducted a successful raid on the fan tan game at 41 Fisgard street last night. The raid was a surprise to the Chinese, and the first entrance to the gaming hall was effected by breaking down a door with a sledge hammer. All the tables and other gambling paraphernalia were found, but the money was not in sight. Nine men were arrested, handcuffed and marched off to jail. They were all booked as onlookers and were arraigned in the police court this morning. They answered to the exclamatory names of Ah How, Ah On, Ah Sing, Ah Fook, Ah Sam, Ah Tai, Ah Jaw, Ah Suio and Le Yung. They pleaded guilty one after another, and a uniform sentence of $20 fine and $1.50 costs or two months in jail was passed on each. Five have already paid the fine, two more will do so, and two have decided to go to jail.

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

—J. Johnston, agent for books, papers, engineers' materials, stationery, Kirk block, Douglas street. *

—A gospel temperance social will be held this evening in the mission church, Herald street. Vocal and instrumental solos will be given. No admission charged.

—Do not forget that money spent well is practically money saved. You know a genuine bargain when you see it; come and see some at Weiler Bros.' carpet department. *

—The post office employes received cheques on Friday for the arrears of their monthly allowances, and for the non-payment of which they "went out" a short time ago. The cheques did not include payment for the time the men "were out."

—If you suppose that our lowest prices are for common, flimsy stuff no wonder you think our prices are high. They are neither high nor low. Our clothing is honest, all of it, so are the prices, all of them. Cameron the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—Michael Fitzgerald, a professional mendicant, summoned for begging on the streets, was not in court this morning when his case was called, and a warrant was issued. Fitzgerald is supposed to have gone to pastures new as he said a few days ago when his case was called and remanded that he would leave the city.

—The following has been handed to the Times for publication: "The employes of the Victoria post office acknowledge the receipt of arrears of provisional allowance up to date, and desire to sincerely thank Messrs. Earle and Prior, Bishop Perrin, the board of trade, his worship the mayor and city council and the citizens of Victoria for their sympathy and the result of their untiring efforts on our behalf.

—In the police court this morning F. Hilton was fined $10 for the malicious destruction of property and ordered to pay Louis Vigelius $10 in addition. It seems Mr. Hilton was a tenant of Mr. Vigelius and while in the house a couple of partitions were used for fire wood and a lot of nails were driven in the wall. The facts were virtually all admitted and the accused was declared guilty and dealt with as stated.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The Planta Injunction—Wages Case in Admiralty Court.

Before Mr. Justice Crease in the Exchequer court, B. C. admiralty district, the action of John McCarthy v. the ship Cruiser was tried this morning. The plaintiff, who was master of the ship from the 15th of August, 1892, until the 7th of January last, when the suit was commenced, sued for $445 balance claimed for wages. The defence set up by John Henderson Taylor was that in December, 1893, the plaintiff before taking a trip north with the ship agreed to make a reduction in his salary. This, the plaintiff contended, only applied to a reduction of the arrears due at that time, and was not to take effect except in the case of a prompt payment. The plaintiff also submitted that as there was no binding agreement subsequent to the original contract judgment should be given for the full amount of the claim. His lordship, after hearing the addresses of counsel, said he had no difficulty in arriving at a conclusion. There was no dispute as to what the original contract was, and really no new contract; although there was an understanding to take a little off no agreement was come to. No accounts and no books were kept by Taylor, and as he never made any protest he is bound by his own conduct in that respect. Judgment for $400 and costs. Mr. P. AE. Irving for plaintiff and Mr. A. Williams for defence.

The Planta injunction motion, which was to have come on before Mr. Justice Crease this morning, was adjourned until 11 o'clock Monday morning, as the judge was engaged in the admiralty court.

IN THE COAL FIELDS.

Little Prospecting Being Done at Northfield.

The branch of the Miners' and Mine Laborers' Protective Association at Northfield has been broken up, owing to nearly all the miners having left that place. Those that still remain there have been affiliated with either the Wellington or the Nanaimo branches of this organization.

There is a little prospecting work being done in the Northfield mine at present. Three shifts of six hours and three men on a shift is the extent of the work. It is the intention of the company to find out the extent of the body of coal recenly discovered.

COMOX.

It seems that a New York syndicate is trying to obtain control of the coal rights of about five thousand acres of Comox valley lands. Their agent is understood to reside in Vancouver. There was a meeting of a few farmers at the Courtenay house, Courtenay, last Tuesday evening to consider the matter, but after some discussion it was decided to adjourn the meeting until Tuesday night, the 29th of January. Mr. J. A. Halliday was chairman of the meeting and Mr. Charles Bridges acted as secretary. Incidentally the question of organizing a meat and vegetable market at Union was discussed, but no action taken.

W. J. JEFFREE,

The Golden Rule Clothing Store,

....HAS REMOVED....

From the Corner of Yates and Douglas Sts. to

77 GOVERNMENT STREET,

Premises lately occupied by J. Johnston & Co., Booksellers

LENZ & LEISER,

Wholesale Dry Goods, Clothing Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal; and are, therefore, able to compete with any house in the trade.

DO THE FAIRIES HELP TO MAKE

BABY'S OWN SOAP?

IT'S SO NICE!!!

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO.,

Sole Manufacturers, Montreal.

BE ECONOMICAL AND USE

Blue Cross Tea

One teaspoonful for each person and one for the teapot is sufficient.

HEAD OFFICE LONDON, ENGLAND. } Wholesale Agents: { WILSON BROS.

KILLED HIS BROTHER.

An Indian at Ahouset Mistook His Brother for a Deer.

A letter received from the West Coast on the schooner Glad Tidings brings the following news: A shooting accident occurred at Ahouset on the night of the 24th. Two Indians, half-brothers, named Jack and Quafet, went deer hunting. They separated and Jack mistaking his brother for a deer, sent a ball through his head. Quafet died instantly.

The sealing schooners Annie C. Moore, Oscar and Hattie and C. D. Rand are at Ahouset seeking hunters. The Indians are busy entertaining their friends from Kyoquot, and potlatches and dances are the order of the day.

Captain Hackett, of the Annie C. Moore is making a bid for some of the West Coast Indian trade and is putting up a store at Ahouset.

The schooners Triumph and Sapphire reached Clayoquot on the 26th and are now on the beach being cleaned. The Indian hunters intend having one more hiyu dance, a kind of farewell ball to wind up their long season of festivity on shore before departing for their "El Dorado," the sealing grounds. A veritable El Dorado indeed for the Siwash. The schooner Triumph alone paid off her Indian crew last season with $18,000.

Our Town Druggists

Say the Pain Killer sells the best of any medicine they keep; during the hard times of the past year or two, they were none too poor to pay their "quarter" for a bottle of this indispensable family medicine. Be sure and get the genuine.

COAL SHIPMENTS.

Export by the New Vancouver Coal Company During January.

The foreign shipments of coal by the New Vancouver Coal Company during January were as follows:

	Tons.
1—Str. Pioneer, Port Townsend	44
5—Ship L. J. Morse, San Francisco	2,086
6—Str. Holyoke, Port Townsend	61
6—Str. Tacoma, Port Townsend	27
9—Ship Wachusett, San Francisco	2,429
10—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend	113
11—Str. Angeles, Everett, Wash	64
12—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend	35
12—Ship India, San Francisco	2,010
12—Ship Jabez Howes, San Francisco	2,507
14—Str. Holyoke, Port Townsend	38
15—Str. Pioneer, Port Townsend	26
16—Ship Cyrus Wakefield, S. F.	3,250
17—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend	67
19—Str. Rapid Transit, Tacoma	175
19—Str. Rapid Transit, Seattle	75
19—Str. Holyoke, Port Townsend	31
19—Str. Wanderer, Port Townsend	31
19—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend	36
19—Bark Sea King, San Francisco	2,210
19—Bark Wilna, San Francisco	2,340
22—Str. Bertha, San Francisco	610
24—Str. Pioneer, Port Townsend	30
24—Bark Archer, Honolulu, H.I.	1,200
25—Str. Tacoma, Port Townsend	52
26—Str. Holyoke, Port Townsend	42
26—Ship Elwell, San Francisco	2,233
30—Bark Rufus E. Wood, S. F.	2,187
30—Str. Wanderer Port Townsend	59
Total	24,061

—Cuttlery. Sheffield cutlery of all kinds at Fox's, 78 Government St. *

MUSICAL.

PROF. BRADLEY, Organist and Choirmaster of the R. R. Church, receives pupils for Organ, Piano, Singing and Violin lessons; he also undertakes the training of choirs and choral societies. Address: 104 Pandora Street. jg-1m

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

EVENTS IN EUROPE.

Unsettlement of French Politics—A Troublesome Chamber of Deputies.

Gloomy Prospect for Liberals—Greece and Bulgaria—London Scandals.

London, Jan. 26.—A week of rudderless drifting in France has shawn that the republic by changing presidents has by no means reached the end of her imminent and menacing troubles. It was pointed out last week that the incident of Casimir-Perier's retirement and Faure's succession, though the most picturesque and striking episode of the crisis, was not at all its gravest element. Those events like Bourgeois' failure this week to construct a cabinet, are only symptoms of disease. The malady itself is the chamber of deputies. This body has already tasted blood; it has, definitely and deliberately, nullified the constitutional powers of its co-ordinate branch of government, the council of state. As it has not met since, save for a formal few minutes to hear Casimir-Perier's resignation, no one is able to form a clear idea as to the details of its present mood, but, taking that mood in a lump, everybody is afraid of it.

The essence of the matter is that the chamber of deputies contains a majority of radicals and socialists, who happening to act together for the first time a fortnight ago, and by doing so throwing out the ministry and expelling the occupant of the Elysee, are increasingly disposed to remain in partnership and do many other remarkable things. The situation in France lends itself ideally to just this arrangement. There is no other public issue a hundredth part so important in the public mind as the question of how to rescue the public service, the commercial life of the nation and the savings of the taxpayers from the powerfully confederated gang of bribe takers and bribe givers who literally hold France by the throat. I mentioned that $300,000,000 of the people's money was involved in the single scoundrelly transaction with the Midi and Orleans railroads, and the air of Paris is kept thick with reports of even more ruinous things suspected or partially revealed. It was said a day or two ago that when the chamber of deputies met application would be made for leave of arrest of eleven deputies. It is understood that when Lanessan reached Paris, on his return from Indo-China, his dossiers and lust for revenge will add liberally to this inculpated list. Now, all this constitutes an issue which the socialists can with good grace place in the front of their own special programme. They can join the radicals in saying that nothing else is equal in importance. Together these two forces can hold the chamber like a rock against the ministry, senate, council of state and Elysee combined. It was against this rock that Bourgeois butted his not very brawny head this week.

Whether Ribot will really attempt to meet this chamber as premier next week is not known here as yet, and apparently it is not known in Paris either. If he does, my notion is that the chamber will make short work of him. There may conceivably be a delay in hostilities by mutual consent till the budget is passed, but the chances seem very much against it, for the necessity of passing the budget in some fashion is one of the strongest weapons in the hands of the revolutionary majority in the lower house. With it they can bring Faure to his knees whenever they like, compel him to beg terms of Brisson, or even send for Goblet. The past history of the French chambers does not encourage the belief that the majority now in control will be disposed to minimize their power. It looks much more likely that they will reach out in the name of public honor to clutch still further authority.

President Faure is unfortunate in at least one respect. There is something of a shade more than indirection in his course at Versailles on the religious question. There, at the congress before the decisive second ballot began, an objection suddenly occurred to some of those who were preparing to change their votes to him that he was a Protestant. This frightened his supporters, and they rushed off and asked him if it was true. He repudiated the suggestion with the vehemence of another Peter, giving the name of the Catholic church at Havre where he was baptised when a day old, and declaring he was a faithful son of the church. This reassured everybody, and he was elected. Now it turns out that though the fact of his baptism is undoubted, he has figured for most of his years as a leading member of Havre's large Protestant set, has regularly attended, if not joined, the Protestant church there, and has been a member of the exclusively Protestant Young Men's Christian Association there. His friends excuse the position by quoting the stock phrase, "Once a Catholic always a Catholic," but if the present excitement over more serious matter smoothes down enough to give the public leisure to consider critically their new president, this excuse will hardly be convincing.

In ten days' time parliament is to assemble at Westminster, and Liberals and Irish alike will come up to it with sinking hearts. The heavy Tory gain at Evesham, while not costing them seats like Brigg and Forfar, had an even more dispiriting effect, because it occurred in one of just that sort of rural English districts, where, if anywhere, last year's social legislation ought to have helped them. No one knows of anybody who intends voting against the ministry on any specific question, yet everybody feels in his bones that defeat will not be long in coming. At best they have only fourteen majority, and even if the party were united and inspired with the most splendid enthusiasm, it would be a task of the greatest difficulty to make this suffice for a sustained period of the session. With the party disgusted, mutinous, conscious too late of having been betrayed, it is ridiculously inadequate.

The betrthal of Rochefort Maguire to

The betrthal of Rochefort Maguire to

a sign that the Parnellite party's affairs are to go into liquidation. As one of Cecil Rhodes' chief agents, their nine votes were of use to him for some time, and it was worth his while to be one of them and keep them going. Their value being ended, he is going in for being respectable, and with him will go the Rhodesian chequebook.

The news from Bulgaria grows gloomier day by day, and in Vienna Ferdinand is believed to be on the threshold of expulsion. On the other hand, the week's disturbances in Greece and the change of ministry are treated here in London as of good omen. They seem to show that the king is to try to take the financial troubles of the country out of the hands of the politicians of both parties, who between them made such a miserable wreck of the business, and seek popular support for a non-partizan settlement of the debt question. If this succeeds, it is reported that the king will then retire in favor of his son Constantine, who is now in his twenty-seventh year, and has been latterly taking a very spirited and prominent part in public affairs. King George is only fifty years old, but he has had more than thirty years of this meaningless strife between the elderly Tricoupis and the still more venerable Delyannis, and grown definitely tired of it.

The English are proverbially a cautious people about bringing out dirty linen to wash in the streets. This habit has become such an integral part of the national character that they have even come to believe that they have none to speak of. I have been often assured by men who should know that the corruption, bribery and wholesale plundering of the period during which the now defunct metropolitan board of works mismanaged London's affairs really put Tweed's regime in New York on a Sunday school level, but you never heard anybody say so in public. If the whole truth could be known about the finances of the war office and admiralty, it would constitute the gravest kind of scandal. In a general way, people do realize something of this fact, but nobody desires to make a noise about it. If ever a strong reformer gets into one of these rotten departments and starts to cleanse it, the very first thing he would have to do will be to distribute ribbons of Bath and fat pensions among the chief offenders and give baronetcies to one or two of the most conspicuous of these veteran rogues in order to ease the public anxiety lest there should be a scandal.

This racial peculiarity lends additional significance to the fact that several influential dailies are beginning to protest openly against a certain judicial change which it is understood the lord chancellor is about to make. During the past year or two a good deal of admiring attention has been drawn to the way in which Mr. Justice Williams handled without gloves the fraudulent or negligent promoters and officials whose broken companies came before him to be wound up. Previous judges had scrupulously deferred to quibbles and technicalities of English company law, and allowed practically every offender able to hire a big lawyer to escape. Justice Willians saw his duty differently, and made his court a terror to commercial swindlers and careless cat's-paw directors alike. It is announced now that the whole company winding up business will be taken away from him and transferred to Justice Romer, an amiable man of the old school, who will be a mere gudgeon among these city sharks. This threatened change creates consternation among honest people, not less because the Law Journal openly ascribes it to the lord chancellor's fear that Justice Williams would not be amenable to influence in some important cases about to come up. That is the boldest thing said about the head of the English judiciary in our time, but it is amplified by rumor into distinct allegations that Lord Herschell is trying to rig the bench in the interests of business and political friends who are involved in pending cases. Now that the matter has been publicly broached, it is impossible that it should remain undiscussed.

I do not know if similar statistics are ventured upon for Vassar, but the principal of Newnham has just published some interesting figures about the alumni of that college. Of 667 living in Great Britain, 108 are married, 374 are engaged in some kind of teaching, 122 are living at home doing nothing for a livelihood, and the remainder, with nine exceptions, are described as being engaged in secretarial work. Of these nine, who represent a surprisingly small professional element, five are doctors, two missionaries, one a bookbinder and one a market gardener. I dare say this will prove an interesting basis for comparison with some American results.

Arthur Balfour's new book, "The Foundations of Belief," is expected next month, and for a little time at least it is certain to monopolize attention. It is understood to elaborate an altogether different position from that which he occupied as the author of "A Defence of Philosophical Doubt." This change of front will be welcome to churchmen, because nothing is more likely than that he will be prime minister within a year, and thenceforward for a generation have to pose as the official champion of establishment, and that earlier work, though by no means ultra-radical, furnished a considerable number of uncomfortable quotations.—Harold Frederic's Letter in New York Times.

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Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:20 p.m. same days.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 25,
Taking effect January 1st, 1895.

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Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate posts via Vancouver the —— and —— of each month at —— o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

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Victoria Route. S.S. "City of Kingston." Speed 18 knots. Tonnage 1147.

8 30 pm	Lv	M I	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	M I	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

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TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily
Ar. 12.00	Victoria.	P.M. Dp. 3.00
11.56	Hillside.	2.54
11.49	Esquimalt.	2.47
11.42	Colwood.	2.40
11.32	Parson's Bridge.	2.30
11.25	Langford.	2.23
11.15	Goldstream.	2.13
10.55	Summit Siding.	1.53
10.50	Shawnigan Lake.	1.48
10.42	Cobble Hill.	1.40
10.35	McPherson's.	1.33
10.25	Kokaih.	1.23
10.20	Duncan's.	1.18
9.55	Somenos.	1.03
9.45	Westholme.	12.53
9.38	Chemainus.	12.46
9.18	Cow Bay Siding.	12.26
9.08	Oyster Bay.	12.16
8.51	Nanaimo.	12.00
8.00	Wellington.	Ar. 7.00
A.M.		P.M.

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

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SCHOOL TRUSTEES DISAGREE

Teacher Heath Confronted With Evidence of the Scholars of His Class.

By Three to Two the Trustees Refer the Subject to Council of Instruction.

The Neil Heath charges have been investigated; the school trustees have expressed disapproval of his language in alluding to the Roman Catholic doctrine of transubstantiation, but have suspended judgment pending action by the council of public instruction. At least, this was the opinion of three of the board, Trustees Marchant, Glover and Lewis. Trustees Saunders and Lovell were for dismissal. Chairman Hayward, under the new regulations of the board, had no vote. He was with the minority. Evidence was continued Friday afternoon.

Alice Doran, aged 16, said: Mr. Heath said the Catholics thought the wafer was the body and blood of Christ, but the Protestants did not. He said he bought a ticket and went to communion at a church in Paris. The priest must be bloodthirsty drinking all the wine and giving the people none.

Trustee Lewis asked did she know what was transubstantiation?

It means the change at the sacrifice of mass of the bread and wine into the body and blood of Christ.

Trustee Marchant asked did Mr Heath use the word "bloodthirsty?"

Yes sir. I am certain.

Chairman Hayward—You are taught to pay respect to the Host and a devout Catholic would not take it from the mouth.

That is it, sir.

Trustee Lewis asked for an explanation. He knew nothing about transubstantiation.

Chairman Hayward gave the explanation.

Did he make fun of the Catholic religion?

Yes, sir.

Trustee Lewis asked did Mr. Heath use the word "guzzling."

I am not certain.

Trustee Lovell asked the words of Mr. Heath.

Christ must have had a very large body to feed the Catholics for all these years.

Trustee Saunders—Was he making fun?

I was surprised at it. As soon as recess was out all the scholars were talking about it. Miss McGraw agreed with me that Mr. Heath used offensive words.

Trustee Glover asked did Mr. Heath give his own views.

No.

Trustee Marchant asked did witness know what faith he (Mr. Heath) believed in.

Yes, he said he belonged to the English church.

Mr. Heath asked did he not say he did not wish to attack any religion.

Yes.

May Duncan, aged 15, said: Mr. Heath said he was in a cathedral in Paris. He paid to receive communion and he put it in his pocket. He said the body of Christ must be large to supply people all these years. Mr. Heath did not speak disrespectful of the Catholic religion. He said the priests drank all the wine and gave the communicants the wafer.

Florence Jackson, aged 14, said: Mr. Heath went into the church of the Madeleine and got communion from the priests. Christ's body was very large to supply the world. I am a Presbyterian. I have not read the papers. He said it respectfully.

Cora Helena Loat, aged 15, testified: Mr. Heath said when he was in Paris he paid for a ticket to go to communion and got a wafer, which he placed in his pocket. He compared the wafer with the body of Christ and said it must be awfuly large. The priests drank all the fully large. The priests drank all the substantiation means.

Margaret Murray, aged 16, a Presbyterian, said Mr. Heath told us the priest changed the bread and wine into the body and blood of Christ. He went into a Catholic church and took the communion and was given a wafer but did not get any wine. He put the wafer in his pocket. He did not think the body of Christ was so large.

Chairman Hayward asked did Mr. Heath speak respectfully of Christ in her opinion?

He did not speak very nice.

Trustee Lovell—We do not want impresions, we wants facts.

Trustee Marchant—Oh, you do.

Lilian Sutherland, aged 16, a Presbyterian, said, Mr. Heath said he purchased a ticket for communion and was given a wafer by the priest. To Catholics it was the body of Christ. Christ must have had a very large body to feed the Catholics. The priest must have been very bloodthirsty. Dr. Pope did not ask the question about using the word "bloodthirsty," else I would have told him. Mr. Heath spoke disrespectfully and if I belonged to the Catholic church I would not have liked it.

Mr. Heath asked what sort of memory had she?

I have as good a memory as many, Mr. Heath.

What memory have I found you to have

Trustee Marchant said the question was improper.

Beatrice Jones Tobin, aged 17, Church of England, said: Mr. Heath told us he was in Paris, and for a small sum of money he was admitted to communion and received a wafer and put it in his pocket. The priests drank the wine. Christ's body must have been very large to supply communion to the world. That was the statement. Priests drank the wine and believed it to be the blood of Christ. The priests were bloodthirsty men. I am not sure that was the exact meaning. His remarks were disrespectful.

Mary McGraw, aged 15, Church of England: Mr. Heath said he got a wafer in a Catholic church in Paris, and put it in his pocket. He was explaining transubstantiation. The wafer was the body of Christ and the wine the blood. Christ must have had a large body to feed the Catholics all these years. He spoke disrespectfully of the Catholics. What Mr. Heath said would be taken as disrespectful by a member of the Church of England. It could have been explained otherwise.

Trustee Marchant said he did not see blasphemy or disrespect in the words of Mr. Heath.

Trustee Lovell agreed there was no blasphemy.

Trustee Marchant said Mr. Heath dealt with the logic of the subect.

Annie Cathcart, aged 15, Presbyterian said: Mr. Heath obtained a ticket to get a wafer in a church in Paris. He put it in his pocket. He did not get any wine. The priest drank all the wine. What bloodthirsty fellows they must be? The bread at the communion was not cooked, it was in the form of dough. The body of Christ must have been large to have fed so many Catholics. The lesson did not impress me as quite right. It was offensive to Roman Catholics.

Cecil Berkley, aged 14, Church of England, said: He went to Paris to a Catholic cathedral and paid money and received a small wafer which he put in his pocket. He expected to have wine but the priest drank it. The bread was supposed to be Christ's body. There must be a good lot of the body of Christ because there were so many wafers. He thought the people in the olden times would have thought it unfair that they did not get any wine. Witness laughed about it at the time and thought it a good joke.

Kenneth Wollaston, aged 13, Church of England: Mr. Heath went to a church in Paris and was given a wafer made of dough and he put it in his pocket. The priest drank the wine. He did not get any and he paid for it and it was not fair. If transubstantiation was true Christ must have a very large body. I did not hear him use the word "bloodthirsty," but did not pay particular attention to the lesson. I did not think it was quite the right thing. It need not have been mentioned.

Alexander Dow, Presbyterian, aged 14: Transubstantiation was that the bread and wine was the real body and blood. He got a wafer and put it in his pocket The priests got the wine. The body of Christ must be pretty big.

Charles Steers, aged 14, was called: He lived at the same house as Mr. Heath and was excused.

Ernest Greenfield, aged 15, Church of England, said: Mr. Heath said if transubstantiation was true Christ would have to have a very large body. He said he went to a church in Paris, but I forget what he said. Mr. Heath was talking of public opinion in these days. He did not use the word "bloodthirsty."

Maurice Thomas, aged 13, Methodist, said: Mr. Heath was explaining the Test act and said Christ's body must have been large to supply bread all these years. The priest drank all the wine at the sacrament. I thought it was not the proper thing. I do not know whether he meant to ridicule the subject. I would not say Mr. Heath did not use the word bloodthirsty.

Chairman Hayward asked did he know what was transubstantiation.

I cannot explain it. I do not understand it.

Thomas Hickey, aged 17, said: Mr. Heath said he went to communion at the Roman Catholic church. He got a wafer and put it in his pocket. I did not hear him say anything about the wine.

Chairman Hayward—Do you understand what transubstantiation means.

No.

You are the largest boy in the class?

Yes, I was not paying attention. The wafer was supposed to be the blood of Christ.

Did he say anthing about the size of Christ's body?

No.

He made no remarks about the priest?

No, sir.

Trustee Glover—Did he say the body of Christ was large enough to supply the world?

No.

Trustee Saunders—The lecture did not make any impression on you?

He did not give any lecture.

The board then discussed the evidence. It was growing dark and lights were sent for.

Trustee Marchant said there was no doubt in his mind that Mr. Heath had been indiscreet. The Paris incident was borne out, but not the word "bloodthirsty."

Trustee Lewis—That word is a concoction.

Trustee Lovell was of opinion that the reference re the body of Christ had been borne out. The word "bloodthirsty" was not used.

Trustee Glover remarked that the whole thing hinged on whether article 16 of the Rules and Regulations had been violated. Had Mr. Heath taught or advanced any dogma or creed in the school?

Chairman Hayward replied that by ridiculing Catholicism he had negatively put up Protestantism to be preferable.

Trustee Lewis said it was after six and time to go to supper.

Trustee Marchant—I agree that he used the remarks about the size of the body of Christ.

Trustee Lovell—No question about it.

Trustee Saunders—And I believe he used the word "bloodthirsty."

Trustee Marchant again rose. A light had been brought.

Trustee Glover asked Mr. Marchant not to be long-winded.

Trustee Marchant replied that the subject was an important one and he could not discuss it with a few words. Mr. Heath had been indiscrete but he did not use language that could be said to be offensive to the Catholic church. He did not ridicule the character of the priests. He questioned the correctness of the testimony of the children; in many particulars they did not agree by any means. If Mr. Heath taught the subject in a disrespectful way he was deserving of censure; but should the board be judges? The board had nothing to do with the studies of teachers; the education department had charge of those matters.

Secretary Williams then read Clause 16: "The highest morality shall be inculcated but no religious dogma or creed shall be taught. The Lord's Prayer may be used in opening and closing the schools."

Chairman Hayward then read from another part of the regulations to the effect that school trustees shall see that the regulations are carried into effect.

Trustee Marchant argued that the board could not change the limit table nor any of the class books used. It was for the Council of Public Instruction to suspend Mr. Heath's certificate or excerate him. The department had first commenced the enquiry

Chairman Hayward said the Council of Public Instruction would perhaps take action if the board showed itself incompetent to deal with the subject; then the board would take it for a snub.

Trustee Marchant pleaded that the certificate of John N. Muir had been cancelled by the council of public instruction and that the same body had refused to grant a temporary certificate to Miss Armstrong. They could also deal with this subject, which was on a level with those named. There was no man living who advocated religious freedom with more ardor than he; his forefathers had fought and bled for liberty. But were the words used by Mr. Heath disrespectful to the Catholic church? Could history be taught without making an allusion to some church or other? Could a teacher help saying something against the Church of England in referring to the treatment of the Covenanters of Scotland? It was difficult to teach English history wisely. The offence committed by Mr. Heath was of a character to be marked by distinct disapproval by the board. Mr. Heath had in fact acknowledged he was indiscreet but affirmed he had no intention of throwing ridicule on any religion. Was it fair to summarily remove him from office? Was it just to send him forth in the world with a stigma on his name? He thought not.

Trustee Glover had come to the meeting with prejudice against Mr. Heath, but after listening to the testimony of the scholars his views had considerably changed. Mr. Heath was exceedingly indiscreet, but he failed to see that he had committed the fault for which they were trying him, violation of article 16. If the charge was that he had used offensive language, then it was clear. He had used offensive language. Had he been teaching special dogma? No. He was deserving of censure, but nothing more.

Chairman Hayward maintained that Mr. Heath had violated article 16 in a ruthless manner. Mr. Heath had attacked the Roman Catholic church and had attacked it with a most powerful weapon—the weapon of ridicule. He was advocating the creeds of those who did not believe in transubstantiation.

Trustee Marchant—The scholars said he did not make fun.

Chairman Hayward replied it was too serious a matter for fun. He had ridiculed one of the great dogmas of the Roman Catholic religion.

Trustee Marchant retorted that it was quite a different thing to explain and to throw ridicule upon. The doctrine of immersion could be logically argued against; a man might endeavor to prove that there was not water enough for immersion in many places. That would not be ridicule but logical argument. To say that Christ's body was very large was not ridicule, it was a natural inference, a logical argument that led to a disapproval of the dogma.

Chairman Hayward—What better argument could be put forward to shake the belief of children?

Trustee Saunders said Mr. Heath did ridicule the Roman Catholic religion, and he should be punished as he deserved.

Trustee Lewis said Mr. Heath had made a mistake in relating the Paris incident. Was it possible for a man to get a wafer? The expression regarding the body of Christ has been proved, but the statements relating to the priests being bloodthirsty men, he did not believe had been sustained. The girls had concocted that. He did not wish to do the dirty work of the Council of Public Instruction. He wanted no odium on the school board. The Council of Public Instruction could take away Mr. Heath's certificate. Why did not Dr. Pope say what conclusion he had arrived at? There was not a shadow of evidence on which to discharge Mr. Heath. He should be severely admonished.

Trustee Lovell said the Paris incident had been proved, likewise the drinking of the wine statement, but not the reference to being bloodthirsty. The reference to the size of Christ's body was out of the way. Transubstantiation was a subject that could not be comprehended by children. Great men could only explain it by the spiritual influence. Very few people believed in it. These people did not believe in everyday miracles. The board should be united in saying that Mr. Heath had violated the regulations. The difficulty was about the punishment that should be meted out to him.

Trustee Glover said it would not do to say he had violated the regulations. How and wherein had he violated them? If this could be shown he would vote for the instant expulsion of Mr. Heath.

Chairman Hayward again remarked that to assail transubstantiation was to preach Protestant doctrine.

A general and unconnected discussi n followed on the correspondence which was read.

Trustee Marchant then moved, seconded by Trustee Glover:

"Whereas the Council of Public Instruction maintains the exclusive right of regulating and controlling the studies of our schools; and wheras the certificates of teaching qualification and standing held by our teachers are granted by the government; and whereas this board deplores any interference with the religious scruples of any and all pupils attending our schools and emphatically expresses its disapproval of the the teaching of religious dogma or creed and repudiates any attempt to cast ridicule upon any form of religion; be it therefore resolved, that this board awaits the action of the Council of Public Instruction upon the Neil Heath case before passing any judgment thereon."

Trustee Saunders moved an amendment the dismissal of Mr. Heath.

Chairman Hayward said the resolution proposed was a most impotent conclusion, and would be regarded so by every intelligent person. He was satisfied that it would be generally read as he would paraphrase it: "Whereas the public school act, section 48, makes it incumbent on the school trustees 'to see that the schools are conducted according to the authorized regulations; and whereas article 16 of the authorized regulations requires 'that the highest morality shall be inculcated, but no religious dogma nor creed shall be taught'; and whereas the serious charge against Mr. Heath as contained in Principal Paul's letter to him of the 18th have after an exhaustive examination been clearly proved, and on which we are unanimously agreed; and whereas we are lacking in the necessary backbone to give force and effect to our opinions by rendering a verdict; therefore, be it resolved, that this board agres to an abstract resolution, having no practical application to the question at issue, and they humbly wait upon the Council of Public Instruction kindly relieves us of the unpleasant but clearly defined duty."

The motion was put, the amendment having no seconder, and was carried by three to two.

Yeas—Trustees Marchant, Glover and Lewis.—3.

Nays—Trustees Saunders and Lovell.

Chairman Hayward had no vote, but intimated that it would have been cast with the negative if he had.

Catarrh Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes—One short puff of the breath through the Blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis and Deafness. 60 cents. At Geo. Morrison's.

FOOD FOR THE HUNGRY.

The undersigned desires to call the attention of parties interested to the fact that temporary provision has been made for the relief of those in the city who are suffering from lack of necessary food.

The services of the officers of the Salvation Army, which have kindly been offered free of charge, have been accepted, and arrangements made for the operation of a "Food Depot" in a room at the rear of the Salvation Army Barracks, Broad street.

The depot will be in running order on and after Tuesday the 29th instant.

Breakfast may be had from 9 to 11 a.m., and supper from 4 to 6 p.m., and will be served to those holding tickets which may be procured at the barracks for a nominal sum, or, in absolutely destitute cases, free.

Parties wishing to assist the movement may provide those whom they believe to be needy with tickets or may send in supplies to the depot at any time during the day.

The undersigned would commend the depot to all charitably disposed persons as an object most worthy of their practical support.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26, 1895.

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

LEGAL NOTICES.

The Kaslo and Slocan Railway Co'y.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the shareholders of The Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company will be held at the head office of the Company, No. 28 1-2 Broad street, Victoria, B.C., on Friday, the 15th day of February, 1895, at 11 a.m.

Object—Statutory meeting, election of directors, and generally, affairs of the company.

By order,
D. J. MUNN,
Secretary.
j24-td

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Russell and James McDonald, carrying on business at the City of Victoria, and at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Charles Russell, McDonald & Co., have by deed dated the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, assigned all their and each of their real and personal estate whatsoever and wheresoever to Thomas Trevor Hull, of the said City of Victoria, accountant, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and in proportion to their respective claims and debts and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, and of the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company. The said deed was executed by the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, the assignors, and by the said Thomas Trevor Hull, the assignee, on the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, and the said assignee has undertaken and accepted the trust created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company must forward or deliver full particulars of claim duly verified to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of February, A.D. 1895 and all persons indebted to the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company are requested to pay such indebtedness to the said assignee or to the undersigned forthwith. And notice is also hereby given that after the said 25th day of February, A.D. 1895, the assignee will proceed to distribute the assets amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said assignee shall then have had notice, and that the said assignee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated this 23rd day of January, A.D. 1895.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Assignee, office 4 and 5 Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors of the said assignors will be held at the office of the assignee, 58 Broad street, on the 20th day of February, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Assignee.
jan23-30t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting, to be held in March, 1895, for a transfer to Ross James Ferguson of the license now held by me to sell spirituous liquors by retail upon the premises known as The Gordon Hotel, situate on Johnson street, in the City of Victoria.

ALEX. HENDRY.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1894.
17 1m

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an act to incorporate a Benefit Society to be called "The Canadian Order of Foresters," with its head office at the City of Brantford, Ontario, with power to insure the members thereof and to establish subordinate Courts of Foresters throughout the Dominion of Canada.

Dated at Brantford, the 26th day of November, A.D. 1894.

HARDY, WILKES & HARDY,
d11-9w Solicitors for Applicants.

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company, Lt'd

NOTICE

Is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the above company held on November 30th, 1894, an assessment of our fourth of one cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company payable forthwith to W. A. Johnston, secretary, at the companies' office, Quesnelle, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of January, 1895, shall be deemed delinquent and dealt with accordingly. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.
Quesnelle, B. C., Nov. 30th, 1894.
d7-6w-d&w

The date of payment of above amount has been extended until February 15th, 1894.

By order of the Board of Directors.

W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.
j15-1m-d&w

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, quieting free, healthy and painless. Lasting. No aches or pains to announce. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Cure and will not again. Invigorates these organs. Beware of your druggist only these with our signature on front. Accept no other. Sent sealed, full particulars mailed. Sold by druggists. $1.00 per box. ADDRESS, ROYAL MEDICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
oc8-tf

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Government Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Dr. Renwick dropped dead this afternoon.

—Yucca Root Toilet Soaps, free from animal fats, at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street. Ask for free sample. *

—The steamer Maude left last night for the west coast. She had in tow the sloop Annie, belonging to Charles Spring.

—James Woods, captain of the sloop Annie, convicted of three counts of selling liquor to Indians, will come up for sentence next Thursday.

—The special services which have been held during the past week in the Centennial Methodist church, Gorge road, have been marked by a deep interest, and many persons have been converted.

—There will be a public meeting at the city hall on Tuesday night to discuss day labor vs. the contract system. It is called by workingmen and the members of the board of aldermen are especially invited to be present.

—A programme of special interest has been arranged for the Pythian social next Wednesday night. These socials are becoming quite popular and the proceeds are for a good object—the establishment of a Pythian Home.

—Rev. G. C. King will read a paper on association before the members of the Young Men's Literary Institute of the Church of Our Lord, which meets in the parlor of the school room, Humboldt street, on Monday evening at 8 p.m. A general invitation is given to young men to be present.

—It was rumored about the streets today that a local contracting firm will build the Dominion government building and that Mr. Toms, who is very ill, will go to California. It was always understood that Mr. Toms would sublet a considerable amount of work to local contractors but it was not believed that a change in the general contract would be made.

—In their circular for December the Botanical Club of Canada says: "British Columbia from being the most inactive province in connection with the work of the Botanical Club, has this year at one bound become one of the most active under the new secretary, A. J. Pineo, who has issued a circular to the leading botanists, teachers and others interested in natural science, with the result of enrolling nearly one hundred names."

—There has been considerable complaint from the people in general and from laboring men in particular, at the delay in work on the parliament buildings. It is argued that in addition to depriving men of work the province is losing money by the delay. It is rumored about the city that the cabinet are divided in their opinions as to what should be done, and that an agreement is a long way off. There is also said to be a disposition among some of the contractors to do a little manoeuvring. In the meantime the laboring man, whose wages mean everything, is being pinched.

—The report telegraphed from San Francisco to the effect that war had been declared between the Pacific Mail steamship company and the C. P. R. on Oriental freights and that the latter proposed to dispatch a steamship every fourteen days from Vancouver, is not credited here. The C. P. R. has announced a summer schedule calling for a 21 days' service, and has many bookings both for freight and passengers. It is held that it would be unwise to break all of the arrangements made, and that beyond that it would not be wise to further push the vessels of the line.

PERSONAL.

J. McPhee, Comox, is at the Oriental.

R. V. Rodgers is back from a trip to Nanaimo.

S. E. Mason, New York, is a guest at the Victoria.

S. Greenleaf, Chicago, is staying at the Victoria.

Postoffice Inspector Fletcher has returned from the Mainland.

F. A. Whiteley, Portland, registered at the Driard last night.

Henry Shaw, New York; Jno. Campbell, Vancouver, are at the Driard.

F. V. Moffatt, Tacoma; E. B. Hill, Union, Ore., are registered at the Oriental.

Hewitt Bostock went to Vancouver to attend the meeting of the Provincial Liberal association.

Senator McInnes, Dr. G. L. Milne, F. R. Gregory, J. H. Falconer and William Marchant went over to Vancouver this morning to attend the meeting of the Provincial Liberal association.

WARD McALLISTER'S DEATH.

The Society Leader Was a Victim of La Grippe.

New York, Feb. 2.—Ward McAllister, the society leader who died at his home, 16 West Thirty-Sixth street, this city, Thursday night at 9 o'clock, was attended by his wife, his daughter, his son, and his brother, Rev. Francis Marion McAllister. Mr. McAllister was attacked a week ago with the grip, but no serious symptoms developed until 7 o'clock Thursday morning, when he was suddenly taken worse. He became unconscious at 10:30 o'clock and remained so until 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, when he recovered consciousness and remained in that condition until his death. His funeral will take place from Grace church, this city, of which Mr. McAllister was a member.

SUPPOSED BOMB CONSPIRACY.

Steel Shell filled with Black Powder Found on the Triumph.

Down on Sergeant Langley's desk at provincial police headquarters is a small conical steel shell to which a considerable amount of interest attaches at the present time. It was found stowed away in the forecastle of the sealing schooner Triumph after she got down the coast, and on first thought it looked like a bomb put there to strike death and destruction to all within reach of its power when it might be set off. It was carefully carried ashore and sent up here to the provincial police on the missionary schooner Glad Tidings. It was a complete mystery to Captain Clarence Cox where the infernal machine came from, but it is highly probable that some of the Indians stole it somewhere and carried it aboard. It is of steel; seven or eight inches long and perhaps two and a half inches in diameter. It was partly filled with black powder and the usual cap was inserted in the end. It is believed by the police that a fall or anything that would disturb the caps would explode it.

At the office of E. B. Marvin & Co. nothing was known about the affair except in a general way and Captain J. G. Cox said that he did not know what to think about the case. The firm did not receive any advices from Captain Clarence Cox.

SKATING CHAMPIONSHIPS.

An Afternoon on the Ice at Montreal—The Winners.

Montreal, Feb. 2.—The championship skating races were held here to-day on the Montreal Amateur Athletic association quarter mile track. All the American and Canadian cracks were entered, including the Donahoes, Johnson and Davidson, Minneapolis and McCullough, Winnipeg.

The first race called was the 220 yards. McCullough won the first heat, with Moore, Montreal, second. Time, 21 2-5. Second heat, Davidson, Toronto, first; Neilson, Minneapolis, second. Time, 21 3-5. Third heat, Johnson first, Donohoe second. Time, 21 4-5. Fourth heat, Mosher first, Hulse second. Time, 21 3-5. Hulse fell when half way in. Final heat, Davidson first, McCulloch second. Time, 21 seconds.

In the half mile Davidson won in 1.24 1-5, McCulloch second.

One mile senior, Johnson first, Neilson second. Davidson and McCulloch dropped out at the half mile. Time, 2.42 4-5.

Half mile backwards, McCulloch first, Routh, Montreal, second. Time, 1.41 2-5.

Boys' half mile, twelve and under, three entries. W. Skelly, Montreal, first; Higgins, St. John, second. Time, 1.42 2-5.

Junior half mile, boys under 15, Caldwell, Montreal, first; Boone, Montreal, 2nd. Time 1:42 4-5. 440 yards boys 12 years and under, W. Skelly first; Hill 2nd. Skelly protested. Time 48 1-5. Three mile race senior, Neilson 1st easy, Rud 2nd; Davidson and Mosher dropped out. Time 8:48 2-5. Skelly, Montreal, protested in half mile boy's 12 and under and claimed over age.

The starters in the five mile race were, McCulloch, Nelsin, Rud and Johnson. McCulloch dropped out at the end of the second mile. It was won by Johnson 1st; Neilson 2nd. Time 15:11 1-5.

THE SONG I NEVER SING.

As in dreams we sometimes hear
A melody so faint and fine,
And musically sweet and clear,
It favors all the atmosphere
With harmony divine;
So, often in my waking dreams,
I hear a melody that seems
Like fairy voices whispering
To me the song I never sing.

Sometimes when brooding o'er the years
My lavish youth has thrown away,
When all the glowing past appears
But as a mirage that my tears
Have crumbled to decay,
I thrill to find the ache and pain
Of my remorse is stilled again,
As, forward bent and listening,
I hear the song I never sing.

A murmuring of rhythmic words,
A drift on tunes whose currents flow
Melodious with the trill of birds,
And far-off lowing of the herds
In lands of long ago;
And every sound the truant loves
Comes to me like the coo of doves,
When first in blooming fields of spring
I hear the song I never sing.

The echoes of old voices, wound
In limpid streams of laughter where
The river Time runs bubble-crowned,
And giddy eddies ripple round
The lilies growing there;
Where roses, bending o'er the brink,
Drain their own kisses as they drink,
And ivies climb and twine and cling
About the song I never sing.

An ocean-surge of sound that falls
As though a tide of heavenly art
Had tempested the gleaming halls
And crested o'er the golden walls
In showers upon my heart.
Thus, thus, with open arms and eyes
Uplifted toward the alien skies,
Forgetting every earthly thing,
I hear the song I never sing.

—James Whitcomb Riley in Armazindy.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and symptoms of a diseased heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

THE HEAVENS IN FEBRUARY.

Movements of the Planets During the Present Month.

During the past month Venus has come nearer to us by 4,644,850 miles. She is becoming visible in the western skies soon after sunset. On the 1st she sets about one hour and fifteen minutes after the sun, and at a point 28 degrees 20 minutes south of west. One the last of the month she will set quite nearly due west. She will be in conjunction with the moon on the 26th, the planet being 2 degrees 3 minutes south of the moon. She will also be in conjunction with Mercury on the 1st and 10th. The first half of the month will be a good time to see Mercury with the naked eye, as she makes her greatest elongation on the 9th. Venus sets at 6.13 p.m. on the on the 1st, 6.56 p. m. on the 15th and at 7.32 p.m. on the 28th.

Mars makes his eastern quadrature with the sun on the 5th, when he will pass the meridian about 6 p.m. and 20 degrees south of the meridian in our latitude. He will be in conjunction with the moon on the 2nd, the planet being 2 degrees 55 minutes south of the moon. On the 25th he will be near the Pleiades, the planet being less than 3 degrees south of the sparkling group.

He sets at 1.20 a. m. on the 1st, 1.06 on the 15th, and at 12.52 on the 28th.

Jupiter has been retrograding since October 23, 1894. On the 19th he becomes stationary, and will then begin his direct motion. He parades the sky nearly all night, setting at 4.47 a.m. on the 1st, 3.49 a.m. on the 15th, and at 2.58 a.m. on the 28th.

Saturn becomes stationary on the 15th, the beginning of his retrograde course, which will run until July 5. He rises at 12.22 a. m. on the 1st, 11.27 p.m. on the 15th, and at 10.36 p. m. on the 28th.

Uranus and Neptune are stationary on the 22nd, the former beginning retrogression, the latter ending it. Why should both these planets halt in their march on February 22? Probably to assist Americans in celebrating Washington's birthday. ORRIN E. HARMON.

MR. HEATH EXPLAINS.

To the Editor: Kindly allow me to draw your attention to an inaccuracy on the part of your reporter, who represented me as having said to Chairman Hayward that I obtained the wafer from a priest. Now, sir, what I did say to Mr. Hayward was: I purchased the wafer as a curio from the landlord of my hotel. I accompanied him to the Madeleine. The building was crowded. He went forward to communion. I remained near the door until he returned, when we both proceeded to the hotel. While on the way he gave me the wafer.

Yours, etc.,
NEIL HEATH.

THE CHURCHES.

St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West—Services at the usual hours. Rev. D. Macrae, pastor.

Central Presbyterian Church, James Bay. Rev. P. McF. McLeod, pastor.—Services as usual. Evening subject: "More Light on the Labor Question."

St. Saviour's Church, Victoria West.—Tomorrow (Sunday) there will be two celebrations of holy communion, at 8 a.m. and 11 a.m.; other services as usual.

Church of Our Lord (R.E.), Humboldt St—Usual services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Preacher, the Bishop. Holy communion at the close of the morning service.

Evangelical Church of England (R. E.), King's Road, corner of Third street—Usual services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Evening subject: The third of the series, "Christ the desire of the Nations." The holy communion will be administered at the evening service. Preacher, the Rev. G. C. King. Sunday school at 3 p.m.

Emmanuel Baptist Church—Pastor P. H. McEwen will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning subject: "The Divine Lordship of Christ." Evening subject: "The Workman and His Servants." Sunday school and pastor's Bible class at 2:30 p.m. Baptism at close of evening service.

Centennial Methodist Church. Rev. Joseph Hall, pastor—Morning: "The Demands of Christian Consistency;" evening: "The Folly of Sinners." The sacrament of the close of the morning's public service. The revival services will be continued during the ensuing week. The public are cordially invited.

Calvary Baptist Church, Herald street—Rev. Thos. Baldwin, the pastor, will preach morning and evening. The series of sermons on "The person of the Saviour" will be continued on Sunday morning. Subject: "Jesus—and the Church. Is it the rich man's club or the poor man's resort?" Communion after morning service. 12:20 p.m. Sunday school; 6:15 p.m., B. Y. P. U. regular prayer meeting.

Services at the Metropolitan Methodist Church by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver.—The subject at 11 a.m. will be "How to keep converted; in the evening at 7 p.m., the first of the series of sermons on "From Destruction to Glory." You are invited.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner of Douglas and Broughton streets—Regular services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor, Rev. W. Leslie Clay. Sabbath school and Bible class at 2:30 p.m.

Theosophical Society.—Public meeting at 28 Broad street (Williams Block) at 8 o'clock p.m. Subject: "Reincarnation."

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—H B Wright, G McDermott, D Shebert, John Babcock, Mrs Burton, Mrs Meldram, A Lee Rogers, Mrs Stafford, E H Fletcher, Capt. Jones, Miss Scott, J H Taylor, G A Smith, Geo Lough, Rev J Woodsworth.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—R Church, Jno Marshall, J Poppenberger, F O Nitchy, Mrs Aaronson, Samuel Greenleaf, E B Hill, C Miller.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—J Partridge, J Greenshields, T B & Co, D Spencer, T B P, L & L, N S keeper, Lieut Col Rawstorne, R J McLaughlin, J P Wallis, R Ward, J H & Co, P & L, J Maynard, J Piercy, Fell & Co, J Fullerton, H Mansell, Ames Holden, Langley & Co, Martin & R, Assist Receiver General, E & N Ry Co, J Sommers, Wilson Bros, C Russell, B & K M Co, Can Paint Co, C P N Co, T M Brayshaw, J W Creighton, W J Jeffree, R H Jamieson, D R Ross, S Leiser, L Dickinson, Vic Elec Co, G & McC, J H Baker, H Young & Co, Small & P, W E Drake, W Blackie, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Colonist Pub Co, Chas H Haines, Brackman & Ker M Co, Mrs M B Kelly, R P Rithet & Co Ltd, C H Bowers, Dean & Co, Hall & C.

SOME... Ball Requisites.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

$2.00 Dress Shirts reduced to $1.50.
$1.50 Dress Shirts reduced to $1.00.
$1.25 Kid Gloves reduced to 75c.
75c. Kid Gloves reduced to 50c.

S. REID,
122 Government Street, Next New England Hotel.

The Great Muscle-Former

Johnston's FLUID BEEF.

The nutritious elements of Beef that make muscle, sinew, and give strength are supplied by

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,

Largely used by ATHLETES when training.

OLD COUNTRY BOOT STORE

If you Don't Know where to purchase cheap and good Babies' Shoes you Don't Need to go further than the above address where they can be purchased from 25 cents upwards.

Ladies' slippers from 25 cents upwards; cheap lot of ladies' (strong) both leather and gutta percha suitable for rough wear.

91 Johnson Street, Between Broad and Douglas Streets.

JAMES FREEL, Proprietor.

WHO IS YOUR TAILOR?

Creighton The Tailor

Will sell at Cost for the NEXT TEN DAYS for CASH only.

Winter and Spring Suitings. Just call and see them, for they are great value for the money you will have to give.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
FINE TAILORING PARLORS,
86 Government St. - - Victoria, B. C.

J. Sluggett & Co.,

Having gone into the Dairy Business, we are able to supply good and fresh Milk from the Saanich Dairy. Morning and evening delivery. Other farm produce also supplied.
Leave orders at office, 24 Hillside Ave.,

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

FINNAN HADDIES,

NO. 1 MACKEREL,
in 1-2 bbls. and kits.

LABRADOR HERRING,
all newly arrived.

FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS,
received regularly.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,
Cor. Govt. and Fort Sts.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Mongolian	Feb. 16
Allan Line, Laurentian	Mar. 2
Allan Line, Numidian	Mar. 16
Dominion Line, Labrador	Feb. 23
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Mar. 9
Dominion Line, Oregon	Mar. 23

From New York.

Cunard Line, Umbria	Feb. 16
Cunard Line, Aurania	Feb. 23
American Line, Berlin	Feb. 13
American Line, New York	Feb. 20
White Star Line, Teutonic	Feb. 13
White Star Line, Britannic	Feb. 20
North Ger. Lloyd, Saale	Feb. 19
North Ger. Lloyd, Ems	Feb. 26
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Feb. 23
Red Star Line, Rhyniand	Feb. 13
Red Star Line, Westernland	Feb. 20
Allan State Line State of California	Feb. 14

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, - - Agent, Victoria
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

FOR THE NORTH
(The trip including Skidegate.)

The Steamer BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, will sail for Fort Simpson and way ports via Vancouver on

Tuesday, Februrary 5th,

At 7 o'clock p.m. from Spratt's wharf. For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
6 Trounce Avenue.
Manager.

Don't Overlook

The opening of the Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, on Saturday Night, February 2nd. New Management. Everything First Class.
WILLIAM BESWICK,
Proprietor.
Formerly of the Grotto.